BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION, AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

Year Ended June 30, 2021

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education LaRue County School District Hodgenville, Kentucky

### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the LaRue County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, as listed in the accompanying table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the *Independent Auditor's Contract*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor, considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness on the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Emphasis of Matter**

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, during the year ended June 30, 2021, the District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, Statement 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period*, Statement 90, *Majority Equity Interests – An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61*, Statement 92, *Omnibus 2020 and* Statement 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

### Other Matters

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 to 9, budgetary comparison information on pages 58 to 59, schedule of proportionate share of the net pension and OPEB liabilities on pages 60 to 64 and schedule of contributions on pages 65 to 69 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the LaRue County School District's basic financial statements. The combining financial statements, school schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements, school schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with accounting standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual non-major fund financial statements, school schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Heartland CPA and admins, PLAC

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated November 12, 2021, on our consideration of LaRue County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering LaRue County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Heartland CPAs and Advisors, PLLC

Elizabethtown, Kentucky November 12, 2021



### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

As management of the LaRue County School District (District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. We encourage readers to consider the information presented within the MD&A in conjunction with additional information found within the body of the audit. The reporting model is a combination of both government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The ending cash and cash equivalents balance for the District for the year ended June 30, 2021 was \$5.7 million.
- The District's property tax base is derived from residential growth and assessments. The District levied FY20 property tax rates of 52.2 cents per \$100 for real estate and tangible property. The motor vehicle rate was 55.cents per \$100 of assessed value and the utility tax rate was 3%.
- The District ended FY21 with an unassigned fund balance in the general fund of approximately \$4.2 million.
- Bonds are issued as the District constructs and/or renovates facilities consistent with a longrange facility plan that is established with community input and in keeping with the Kentucky Department of Education's stringent compliance regulations. The District's bond debt decreased by \$2.7 million in FY21. The District refunded the 2010 bonds.
- The District's put in service the LaRue County High School Gym and Grandstand Project and the Gym and Sprinkler Renovation. The Preschool on College project, accumulating \$160 thousand through June 30, 2021, is included in construction in process.
- At the end of FY21, the District reported a net pension liability of \$9.2 million related to the County Employees Retirement System.
- At the end of FY21, the District reported a net post-employment benefit obligation (OPEB) of \$4.5 million related to the Teacher's Retirement System Medical Insurance Fund and \$2.9 million related to the County Employees Retirement System.

### **OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements.** The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, like a private-sector business. The government-wide financial statements include a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position. These statements present summaries of Governmental and Business-Type Activities for the District accompanied by a total column.

These statements are presented on an "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all of the District's assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows, including capital assets as well as long-term liabilities, are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents changes in net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred. The types of transactions reported as program revenues for the District are reported in three categories: 1) charges for services, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 10 through 11 of this report.

**Fund financial statements.** A fund is a grouping of related accounts used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. This is a state-mandated uniform system and chart of accounts for all Kentucky public school districts utilizing the MUNIS administrative software. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All District funds can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are trust funds established by benefactors to aid in student education, welfare, and teacher support. The only proprietary funds are food service and child care operations. All other activities of the District are included in the governmental funds. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 12 through 20 of this report.

### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. For the District, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by approximately \$2.3 million as of June 30, 2021.

Typically, the largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture, and equipment and construction in progress); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, note that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including, the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

### **Net Position**

The 2021 Government-wide net position compared to 2020 is as follows:

# Net Position (Table 1)

			(145.	,					
	Government	al	Governmental	Business-type	Business-type		Total	Total	
Description	2021	-	2020	2021	2020		2021	2020	-
Current and Other Assets	\$ 6,154,7	19	\$ 7,590,827	\$ 1,097,086	\$ 1,164,989	\$	7,251,835	\$ 8,755,8	116
Capital Assets	28,899,0	78	29,030,306	1,080,511	1,096,283		29,979,589	30,126,5	89
Total Assets	35,053,8	27	36,621,133	2,177,597	2,261,272		37,231,424	38,882,4	05
Deferred Outflows	3,790,2	37	2,980,121	443,199	356,857		4,233,436	3,336,9	178
Long-term Debt	32,099,0	28	32,871,284	1,723,898	1,420,277		33,822,926	34,291,5	61
Other Liabilities	2,394,1	19	3,837,008	2,847	3,405		2,396,996	3,840,4	13
Total Liabilities	34,493,1	77	36,708,292	1,726,745	1,423,682		36,219,922	38,131,9	74
D-f	0.004.0		0.500.440	400.040	470 700		0.000.005	0.000.4	100
Deferred Inflows	2,804,0	13	2,506,412	132,912	173,720		2,936,925	2,680,1	32
Net Position									
Net Position									
	40.4=0.0		<b>-</b> 0.40 000		4 000 000			0.010.1	
Net investment in capital assets	10,472,3		7,946,908	1,080,511	1,096,283		11,552,823	9,043,1	
Restricted	684,2		1,351,706	-	-		684,240	1,351,7	
Unrestricted	(9,609,6	78)	(8,912,064)	(319,372)	(75,556	)	(9,929,050)	(8,987,6	i20)
	4 - 4 - 40 0			. =0.4.400	A 4 000 TOT			4 40= 0	
Total Net Position	\$ 1,546,8	/4	\$ 386,550	\$ 761,139	\$ 1,020,727	\$	2,308,013	\$ 1,407,2	277

The following are significant current year transactions impacting the Statement of Net Position:

- Capital assets current year depreciation of \$1.05 million and FY2021 additions of approximately \$7.3 million for construction primarily related to the LaRue County High School Gym and Grandstand Project and the Gym and Sprinkler Renovation.
- Total long-term obligations for bonds decreased by approximately \$2.7 million. The 2010 bonds were refunded. As of June 30, 2021, the District's proportionate share of the CERS net pension liability was \$9.2 million (as actuarially determined by CERS). The District's proportionate share of CERS reported net OPEB liability was of \$2.9 million in FY2021 (as actuarially determined by CERS). The District's proportionate share of TRS reported net OPEB liability was \$4.5 million (as actuarially determined by TRS).

# **Change in Net Position**

The following Table 2 presents the summary of changes in net position for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2021 and 2020.

# Changes in Net Position (Table 2)

(Table 2)														
		Governmental	G	overnmental	В	usiness-type	В	usiness-type		Total			Total	
Description	•	2021		2020		2021		2020		2021	¥		2020	~
DEVENIUEO.														
REVENUES:														
Program revenues:		ф 457.47C	Φ.	40.740	Φ.	40.057	Φ.	407.044	Φ.	000	700	Φ.	404.6	222
Charges for services		\$ 157,476	\$	13,719	\$	49,257	\$	107,614	\$	206,7	33	\$	121,3	333
Operating grants and		4.047.070		0.004.040		4 500 040		4 040 054		5.044.0	10		F F00 (	200
contributions		4,347,272		3,861,846		1,596,940		1,642,054		5,944,2			5,503,9	
Capital grants and contributions		1,789,264		1,695,051		-		-		1,789,2	264		1,695,0	J51
General revenues:		2 222 552		0.044.070						0.000			0.044.6	.=.
Property taxes		3,933,559		3,641,372		-		-		3,933,5			3,641,3	
Motor vehicle taxes		658,364		569,159		-		-		658,3			569,1	
Utility taxes		816,913		789,064		-		-		816,9			789,0	064
Revenue in lieu of taxes		9,270		-		-		-			270			-
Gain on disposal of capital assets		-		39,666		-		-			-		39,6	
Investment earnings		80,317		195,470		7,367		15,825		87,6			211,2	
State and formula grants		7,263,044		7,959,908		-		-		7,263,0	)44		7,959,9	908
Miscellaneous		69,255		112,096		-		-		69,2	255		112,0	096
		10 101 701		10.077.051		4 050 504		4 705 400		00 770			00 040 0	
Total revenues	-	19,124,734		18,877,351		1,653,564		1,765,493		20,778,2	298		20,642,8	344
EXPENSES														
Program Activities														
Instruction		7,813,853		8,735,007						7,813,8	253		8,735,0	207
Student support		1,017,392		1,251,311		-		-		1,017,3			1,251,3	
Instructional staff support		1,897,470		2,183,977		<del>-</del>		-		1,897,4			2,183,9	
						-								
District administrative support		553,768		452,916		-		-		553,7			452,9	
School administrative support		1,643,277		1,318,294		-		-		1,643,2			1,318,2	
Business support		757,080		757,833		-		-		757,0			757,8	
Plant operation and maintenance		2,152,238		2,164,897		-		-		2,152,2			2,164,8	
Student transportation		1,447,761		1,637,346		-		-		1,447,7			1,637,3	
Community service activities		267,687		227,641		-		-		267,6			227,6	
Other		172,760		33,522		-		-		172,7			33,5	
Interest costs		546,297		749,765		-		-		546,2	297		749,7	765
Business-type Activities:														
Food service						1,749,203		1,832,538		1,749,2			1,832,5	
Childcare		-		-		19,792		104,913		19,7	792		104,9	913
Total avnance		18.269.583	,	19.512.509		1.768.995	,	1,937,451		20 020 1	70		24 440 0	260
Total expenses	-	10,209,303		19,512,509		1,700,995		1,937,431		20,038,5	010		21,449,9	900
Transfers		144,157		60,656		(144,157)		(60,656)			-			-
Increase (decrease) in net position		999,308		(574,502)		(259,588)		(232,614)		739,7	720		(807,	116)
Net postion, beginning, as restated		547,566		961,052		1,020,727		1,253,341		1,568,2	293		2,214,3	3 <u>9</u> 3
Net position, ending		\$ 1,546,874	\$	386,550	\$	761,139	\$	1,020,727	\$	2,308,0	)13	\$	1,407,2	277

The following are significant current year transactions impacting the Changes in Net Position:

- Total revenues increased approximately \$100 thousand primarily due to a increase in various state and federal grants.
- Total expenses decreased by approximately \$600 thousand due to COVID-19.

### **Capital Assets**

At the end of the fiscal year 2021, the School District had approximately \$30.1 million invested in land, building and improvements, vehicles, equipment, and construction in process, which included \$28.9 million in governmental activities. Table 3 shows the fiscal year 2021 and 2020 balances.

# Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation (Table 3)

		1	 1			
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2019</u>
Land and land improvements	\$ 847,058	\$ 899,202	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 847,058	\$ 899,202
Buildings and improvements	24,489,347	21,451,057	666,128	691,242	25,155,475	22,142,299
Technology	665	11,810	-	-	665	11,810
Vehicles	767,982	795,709	-	-	767,982	795,709
General equipment	2,633,725	90,145	414,383	405,041	3,048,108	495,186
Total	28,738,777	23,247,923	1,080,511	1,096,283	29,819,288	24,344,206
Construction in progress	160,301	5,782,383	-	-	160,301	5,782,383
Total	\$ 28,899,078	\$ 29,030,306	\$ 1,080,511	\$ 1,096,283	\$ 29,979,589	\$ 30,126,589

Changes in capital assets for 2021 and 2020 were as follows.

Category <b>▼</b>	Go	vernmental	Go	vernmental	Вι	usiness-type 2021	Вι	ısiness-type 2020 ▼	Total 2021 ▼	Total 2020
		2021		2020		2021		2020	2021	2019
		<u> 2021</u>		2020		<u> 2021</u>		2020	2021	2013
Beginning balance	\$	29,030,306	\$	24,797,567	\$	1,096,283	\$	1,208,891	\$ 30,126,589	\$ 26,006,458
Additions		7,289,573		5,263,431		105,675		-	7,395,248	5,263,431
Retirements		(6,364,875)		22,660		(5,178)		-	(6,370,053)	22,660
Depreciation		(1,055,926)		(1,053,352)		(116,269)		(112,608)	(1,172,195)	(1,165,960)
Ending balance	\$	28,899,078	\$	29,030,306	\$	1,080,511	\$	1,096,283	\$ 29,979,589	\$ 30,126,589

### Debt

On June 30, 2020, the School District had \$18.4 million in bonds outstanding. Of this amount, \$5.9 million is to be paid by the Kentucky School Facility Construction Commission. A total of \$1.7 million is due within one year.

### **General Fund – Budget Highlights**

The School District's budget is prepared according to Kentucky law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund. The State Department of Education requires a zero-based budget with any budgeted remaining fund balance shown as a contingency expense in the budget process.

Budgeted expenditures of approximately \$23.6 million compared with actual expenditures of approximately \$20.6 million. The most significant fluctuation is in the other category for contingency.

**Notes to the financial statements.** The notes provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 21 - 57 of this report.

### **BUDGETARY IMPLICATIONS**

In Kentucky, the public school fiscal year is July 1-June 30; other programs, i.e., some federal, operate on a different fiscal year but are reflected in the District's overall budget. By law, the budget must have a minimum 2% contingency. The District adopted a budget for 2020-2021 with a contingency of 8.71%. The District has adopted a budget for 2021-2022 with a contingency of 12.78%.

### ADDITIONAL CONTACT INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. Questions regarding this report or requests for additional information should be directed to Jessica Castenir, Finance Officer, 208 College St., Hodgenville, Kentucky 42748 or call at 270-358-4111.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2021

June 30, 2021						
	G	overnmental		Business-		
Assets	G	Activities		Type Activities		Total
		_		_		
Current Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,609,602	\$	1,144,034	\$	5,753,636
Internal balances	Ψ	116,492	*	(116,492)	*	-
Inventory				11,589		11,589
Receivables:						
Accounts						
Taxes-current		483,214				483,214
Taxes-delinquent Other receivables		16,512 53,570				16,512 53,570
Intergovernmental-State		19,348				19,348
Intergovernmental-Indirect Federal		856,011		57,955		913,966
Total Current Assets		6,154,749		1,097,086		7,251,835
		0,101,110		.,00.,000		,,_0,,,
Non-depreciable capital assets		761,234				761,234
Depreciable capital assets, net of		701,254				701,234
accumulated depreciation		28,137,844		1,080,511		29,218,355
Total Noncurrent Assets		28,899,078		1,080,511		29,979,589
Total Assets		35,053,827		2,177,597	-	37,231,424
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Deferred amount on debt refundings		264,161				264,161
CERS Pension		1,518,502		259,872		1,778,374
CERS OPEB		1,159,574		183,327		1,342,901
TRS MIF OPEB		848,000		·		848,000
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		3,790,237		443,199		4,233,436
Liabilities					-	
Current Liabilities						
Accounts payable		208,795				208,795
Unearned revenue		110,553		2,847		113,400
Bond obligations		1,670,000		,-		1,670,000
Compensated absences		182,522				182,522
Interest payable		222,279				222,279
Total Current Liabilities		2,394,149		2,847		2,396,996
Noncurrent Liabilities						
Bond obligations		16,756,766				16,756,766
Net pension liability - CERS		7,884,778		1,320,887		9,205,665
Net OPEB liability - CERS Net OPEB liability - TRS MIF		2,494,334		403,011		2,897,345 4,471,000
Compensated absences		4,471,000 492,150				492,150
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		32,099,028		1,723,898		33,822,926
Total Liabilities		34,493,177		1,726,745		36,219,922
Deferred Inflows of Resources		01,100,177		1,720,710		00,210,022
		207.405		40.000		040 457
CERS Pension CERS OPEB		207,495 517,518		40,662 92,250		248,157 609,768
TRS MIF OPEB		2,079,000		02,200		2,079,000
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		2,804,013		132,912		2,936,925
Nat Parities		·		·		· ·
Net investment in capital assets		10,472,312		1,080,511		11,552,823
Restricted		684,240		1,000,011		684,240
Unrestricted		(9,609,678)		(319,372)		(9,929,050)
Total Net Position	Ф	1,546,874	¢		¢	2,308,013
i otal Net F Osition	φ	1,040,074	φ	761,139	φ	۷,500,013

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2021

Year Ended June 30, 2021				Program Re	venues			Expenses) Revenue anges in Net Positi	
	Expenses		Charges For Services	Operating Grants & Contributions		Capital Grants & Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Total
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Governmental Activities:									
Instruction Support services: Student Instruction staff District administrative School administrative Business Plant operation and maintenance Student transportation Community service activities Facility acquisition and construction Other	\$ 7,813,853 1,017,392 1,897,470 553,768 1,643,277 757,080 2,152,238 1,447,761 267,687 172,760	\$	157,476	\$ 2,579,014 222,634 875,958 26,588 40,976 251,804 29,095 228,478 92,725	\$	752,049	\$ (5,077,363) (794,758) (1,021,512) (527,180) (1,602,301) (757,080) (1,900,434) (1,418,666) (39,209) 752,049 (80,035)	\$ -	\$ (5,077,363) (794,758) (1,021,512) (527,180) (1,602,301) (757,080) (1,900,434) (1,418,666) (39,209) 752,049 (80,035)
Interest on long-term debt	546,297	-	457.470	4.047.070		1,037,215	490,918		490,918
Total Governmental Activities	18,269,583		157,476	4,347,272		1,789,264	(11,975,571)	-	(11,975,571)
Business-Type Activities: Food service Childcare	1,749,203 19,792		8,021 41,236	1,591,158 5,782				(150,024) 27,226	(150,024) 27,226
Total Business-Type Activities	1,768,995		49,257	1,596,940		-		(122,798)	(122,798)
Total Primary Government	\$ 20,038,578	\$	206,733	\$ 5,944,212	\$	1,789,264	(11,975,571)	(122,798)	(12,098,369)
				General Rever Taxes: Property tax Motor vehicl Utility taxes Revenue in I Investment ea State and forr Miscellaneous Transfers	es e taxes ieu of ta irnings nula gra		3,933,559 658,364 816,913 9,270 80,317 7,263,044 69,255 144,157	7,367 (144,157)	3,933,559 658,364 816,913 9,270 87,684 7,263,044 69,255
				Total general re	evenues	s and transfers	12,974,879	(136,790)	12,838,089
				Change in net	oosition		999,308	(259,588)	739,720
				Net position - b	eginnin	g	386,550	1,020,727	1,407,277
				Restatement			161,016		161,016
			Net position - b	eginnin	g, as restated	547,566	1,020,727	1,568,293	
The notes to the financial statements are an	intogral part of this	ctatom	ont	Net position - e	nding		\$ 1,546,874	\$ 761,139	\$ 2,308,013



BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2021

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Gov	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$ 3,933,323	\$ -	\$	676,279	\$	4,609,602
Taxes - current Taxes - delinquent	483,214 16,512	0.50		40-		483,214 16,512
Other receivables Intergovernmental - State Intergovernmental - Indirect Federal	53,089	356 19,348 856,011		125		53,570 19,348 856,011
Due from other funds	757,450	 				757,450
Total Assets	\$ 5,243,588	\$ 875,715	\$	676,404	\$	6,795,707
Liabilities and Fund Balances:						
Accounts payable Due to other funds Unearned revenue	\$ 177,545	\$ 30,525 640,958 110,553	\$	725	\$	208,795 640,958 110,553
Total Liabilities	177,545	782,036		725		960,306
Fund Balances Restricted		93,679		590,561		684,240
Committed Unassigned	893,534 4,172,509	 		85,118		978,652 4,172,509
Total Fund Balances	5,066,043	 93,679		675,679		5,835,401
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 5,243,588	\$ 875,715	\$	676,404	\$	6,795,707

# RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2021

Total fund balance per fund financial statements	\$ 5,835,401
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets are not reported in this fund financial statement because they are not current financial resources, but they are reported in the statement of net position.	28,899,078
Governmental funds do not record deferred outflows of resources for pensions and OPEB but those are reported in the statement of net position as as deferred outflows of resources.	3,526,076
Governmental funds record debt refundings as other financiing uses when the issues are refunded. Unamortized losses on refundings are reported on the statement of net position as deferred outflows of resources.	264,161
Governmental funds do not record deferred inflows of resources for pensions and OPEB but those are reported on the statement of net position as deferred inflows of resources.	(2,804,013)
Certain liabilities are not reported in this fund financial statement because they are not due and payable, but they are presented in the statement of net position:	
Bonds payable (net of discounts/premiums) Interest payable Compensated absences Net pension liability - CERS Net OPEB liability - CERS Net OPEB liability - TRS MIF	(18,426,766) (222,279) (674,672) (7,884,778) (2,494,334) (4,471,000)
Net position for governmental activities	\$ 1,546,874

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

**GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS** 

Year Ended June 30, 2021

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues:	 	 				
From local sources:						
Taxes:				100 100		
Property	\$ 3,503,370	\$ -	\$	430,189	\$	3,933,559
Motor vehicle Utilities	658,364					658,364
Revenue in lieu of taxes	816,913 9,270					816,913 9,270
Earnings on investments	68,799	428		11,090		80,317
Other local revenues	93,327	41,328		133,405		268,060
Intergovernmental - State	15,846,836	1,168,171		1,789,264		18,804,271
Intergovernmental - Indirect Federal	30,269	3,077,048		, ,		3,107,317
Total Revenues	21,027,148	4,286,975		2,363,948		27,678,071
Expenditures:	10.001.011			05.000		45.005.004
Instruction	13,301,211	2,530,990		95,660		15,927,861
Support services: Student	767,189	222,634		1,539		991,362
Instruction staff	939,698	875,958		638		1,816,294
District administrative	541,446	26,588		000		568,034
School administrative	1,515,221	40,976				1,556,197
Business	696,545					696,545
Plant operation and maintenance	1,468,305	251,804				1,720,109
Student transportation	1,190,471	29,095		(250)		1,219,316
Community service activities	044 044	228,478		000		228,478
Other non-instruction Facilities acquisition and construction	214,241	92,725		838 737,886		307,804 737,886
Bond issuance costs				43,360		43,360
Debt service:				,		,
Principal				2,655,000		2,655,000
Interest	 	 		455,907		455,907
Total Expenditures	 20,634,327	 4,299,248		3,990,578		28,924,153
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues						
over Expenditures	392,821	(12,273)		(1,626,630)		(1,246,082)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from disposal of capital assets	1 760					1 760
Bond proceeds from refunding bonds	1,762			3,465,000		1,762 3,465,000
Bond premium				95,013		95.013
Payments to refunded escrow agent				(3,515,512)		(3,515,512)
Transfers in	467,117	45,373		2,051,329		2,563,819
Transfers out	 (1,175,999)	 		(1,245,664)		(2,421,663)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (707,120)	 45,373		850,166		188,419
Change in Fund Balances	(314,299)	33,100		(776,464)		(1,057,663)
Fund Balance, July 1, 2020	5,380,342	60,579		1,291,127		6,732,048
Restatement	 			161,016		161,016
Fund Balance, July 1, 2020, as restated	 5,380,342	 60,579		1,452,143		6,893,064
Fund Balance, June 30, 2021	\$ 5,066,043	\$ 93,679	\$	675,679	\$	5,835,401

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended June 30, 2021

Net change in total fund balances per fund financial statements	\$	(1,057,663)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in this fund financial statement because they use current financial resources, but they are presented as assets in the statement of activities and depreciated over their estimated economic lives. The difference is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeds capital outlays for the year.		(126,321)
The proceeds for the issuance of bonds provide current financial resources and are reported in this fund financial statement but they are presented as liabilities in the statement of net position.		1,141
Bond payments are recognized as expenditures of current financial resources in the fund financial statement but are reductions of liabilities in the statement of net position.	٠	2,655,000
Capital lease payments are recognized as expenditures of current financial resources in the fund financial statement but are reductions of liabilities in the statement of net position.		178,404
The difference between actuarial pension and OPEB contributions to and actual contributions made are recorded as adjustments in the statement of activities.		(536,462)
In the statement of activities, only the gain (loss) on sale of capital assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds for the sale increased financial resources.		(4,907)
Generally, expenditures recognized in this fund financial statement are limited to only those that use current financial resources, but expenses are recognized in the statement of activities when they are incurred.		(109,884)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	999,308

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

June 30, 2021

Food				
	Service Fund	(		Total Fund
	1 4114		T GITG	- una
\$	1,109,397 57,955 11,589	\$	34,637 \$	1,144,034 57,955 11,589
	1,178,941		34,637	1,213,578
	1 080 511			1,080,511
	1,080,511		-	1,080,511
	2,259,452		34,637	2,294,089
	222,695 168,163		37,177 15,164	259,872 183,327
	390,858		52,341	443,199
	116,492 2,847			116,492 2,847
	119,339		-	119,339
	1,152,768 362,816		168,119 40,195	1,320,887 403,011
	1,515,584		208,314	1,723,898
	1,634,923		208,314	1,843,237
	31,075 76,357		9,587 15,893	40,662 92,250
	76,357		15,893	92,250
	\$	\$ 1,109,397 57,955 11,589 1,178,941 1,080,511 1,080,511 2,259,452 222,695 168,163 390,858 116,492 2,847 119,339 1,152,768 362,816 1,515,584	\$ 1,109,397 \$ 57,955 11,589 1,178,941 1,080,511 2,259,452 222,695 168,163 390,858 116,492 2,847 119,339 1,152,768 362,816 1,515,584	Service Fund       Childcare Fund         \$ 1,109,397 \$ 34,637 \$ 57,955 11,589       \$ 34,637         1,178,941 34,637       34,637         1,080,511 -       -         2,259,452 34,637       37,177 168,163 15,164         390,858 52,341       52,341         116,492 2,847 119,339 -       -         1,152,768 362,816 40,195 1,515,584 208,314       168,119 40,195

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

# PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Food				
	Service			Childcare		
		Fund		Fund	Total	
Operating Revenues:						
Lunchroom sales	\$	2,802	\$	-	\$	2,802
Other operating revenues		5,219		41,236		46,455
Total Operating Revenues		8,021		41,236		49,257
Operating Expenses:						
Salaries and wages		829,571		13,289		842,860
Materials and supplies		710,293		6,032		716,325
Depreciation		116,269				116,269
Other operating expenses		87,893		471		88,364
Total Operating Expenses		1,744,026		19,792		1,763,818
Operating loss		(1,736,005)		21,444	(	1,714,561)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):						
Federal grants		1,375,631				1,375,631
Donated commodities		108,157				108,157
State on-behalf payments		94,070		1,903		95,973
State grants		13,300		3,879		17,179
Loss on disposal of capital assets		(5,177)				(5,177)
Interest income		7,283		84		7,367
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)						
before Transfers		1,593,264		5,866		1,599,130
Transfers out		(63,277)		(80,880)		(144,157)
Change in net position		(206,018)		(53,570)		(259,588)
Net Position, July 1, 2020		1,113,973		(93,246)		1,020,727
Net Position June 30, 2021	\$	907,955	\$	(146,816)	\$	761,139

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

## PROPRIETARY FUNDS

THOTHETARTTONDO						
Year Ended June 30, 2021	Food Service Childcare			<b>-</b>		
Cook Flows from Operating Activities	Fund Fund		Fund		Total	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Cash received from:						
Lunchroom sales	\$	2,802	\$	-	\$	2,802
Other operating activities		5,728		41,236		46,964
Cash paid to/for: Employees		(559,030)		(11,386)		(570,416)
Supplies		(629,311)		(6,081)		(635,392)
Other activities		(87,893)		(471)		(88,364)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		(1,267,704)		23,298		(1,244,406)
Cash flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities						
Federal grants		1,411,854				1,411,854
State grants Transfers out		13,951		3,879		17,830
		(63,277)		(80,880)		(144,157)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital Financing Activities		1,362,528		(77,001)		1,285,527
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Purchase of capital assets		(74,753)		-		(74,753)
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(74,753)				(74,753)
• •		(1.1,1.00)				(1 1,100)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Receipt of interest income		7,283		84		7,367
Net Cash Provided by Investing Financing Activities		7,283		84		7,367
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		27,354		(53,619)		(26,265)
Balances, beginning of year		1,082,043		88,256		1,170,299
Balances, end of year	\$	1,109,397	\$	34,637	\$	1,144,034
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash						
provided (used) by operating activities:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	(1,736,005)	\$	21,444	\$	(1,714,561)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net						
cash provided (used) by operating activities:  Depreciation		116,269				116,269
State on-behalf payments		94,070		1,903		95,973
Donated commodities		108,157		1,000		108,157
GASB 68 pension expense		143,554				143,554
GASB 75 OPEB expense		32,917				32,917
Change in assets and liabilities:		40.050				40.050
Inventory Due to other funds		10,859 (38,034)				10,859 (38,034)
Unearned revenue		509				509
Accounts payable				(49)		(49)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(1,267,704)	\$	23,298	\$	(1,244,406)
Schedule of non-cash transactions:						
Donated commodities received from federal government	\$	108,157	\$	-	\$	108,157
State on-behalf payments	\$	94,070	\$	1,903	\$	95,973
CERS Pensions	\$	143,554	\$	-	\$	143,554
CERS OPEB	\$	32,917	\$		\$	32,917

# STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

# FIDUCIARY FUNDS

June 30, 2021

	Private Purposo Trust Funds	9
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 22,22	<u> </u>
Total Assets	\$ 22,22	<u> </u>
Net Position	\$ 22,22	<u>l</u>

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

# FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2021

AutoMation	Private Purpose Trust Funds			
Additions Transfers from General Fund Net interest and investment gains (losses)	\$	2,000 152		
		2,152		
Deductions Scholarships paid		1,000		
Change in net position		1,152		
Net Position, July 1, 2020		21,069		
Net Position, June 30, 2021	\$	22,221		



NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the LaRue County School District (the "District") have been prepared to conform with Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

### A. REPORTING ENTITY

The LaRue County Board of Education ("Board"), a five-member group, is the level of government, which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of LaRue County School District. Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies, which may influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

For financial reporting purposes, the accompanying financial statements include all of the operations over which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for organizations that make up its legal entity, as well as legally separate organizations that meet certain criteria. In accordance with GASB 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," as amended by GASB 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units", the criteria for inclusion in the reporting entity involve those cases where the District or its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and is either able to impose its will on the organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or to impose specific financial burdens on the District or the nature and significance of the relationship between the District and the organization is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be incomplete. Applying this definition, District management has determined that the component unit reportable within the accompanying financial statements is the LaRue County School District Finance Corporation, (the "Corporation"). The financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups and organizations, which although associated with the school system, have not originated within the Board itself such as Boosters, Parent-Teacher Associations, etc.

Blended Component Unit - LaRue County School District Finance Corporation – In a prior year, the Board of Education resolved to authorize the establishment of the LaRue County School District Finance Corporation (a non-profit, non-stock, public and charitable corporation organized under the School Bond Act and KRS 273 and KRS Section 58.180) (the "Corporation") as an agency for the District for financing the costs of school building facilities. The members of the Board also comprise the Corporation's Board of Directors. Therefore, the financial activities of the Corporation have been blended (reported as if it were part of the District) with those of the District. The Corporation does not publish individual component unit financial statements.

# B. <u>MEASUREMENT FOCUS</u>, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

### Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for Fiduciary Funds.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the District at year-end. The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

### **Fund Financial Statements**

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The Governmental Funds are accounted for on the "flow of current financial resources" measurement focus. This measurement focus is based on the concept of accountability, which includes measuring interperiod equity whether current year revenues were sufficient to pay for current year services. The Proprietary Funds are accounted for on an "economic resources" measurement focus. Accordingly, the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position for the Proprietary Funds reports increases and decreases in total economic net worth. The private purpose trust fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

### **Governmental Funds**

Governmental Funds are those through which most District functions are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the District's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities (except those accounted for in the Proprietary Fund and Fiduciary Funds) are accounted for through Governmental Funds. The measurement focus is upon determination of changes in financial resources rather than upon determination of net income:

(A) The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District. It accounts for financial resources used for general types of operations. This is a budgeted fund, and any fund balances are considered as resources available for use. This is a major fund of the District.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

- (B) The Special Revenue Fund accounts for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes. It includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of the specified project periods as well as the state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally-funded grant programs are identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards included in this report. This is a major fund of the District.
- (C) The District Activity Fund is a Special Revenue Fund type and is used to account for funds received at the school level.
- (D) The School Activity Fund is a Special Revenue Fund type and accounts for activities of student groups and other types of activities requiring clearing accounts. These funds are accounted for in accordance with the <a href="Uniform Program of Accounting for School Activity Funds">Uniform Program of Accounting for School Activity Funds</a>.
- (E) Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment (other than those financed by Proprietary Funds).
  - 1. The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund receives those funds designated by the state as Capital Outlay Funds and is restricted for use in financing projects identified in the District's facility plan.
  - 2. The Facility Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK) accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy required to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the District's facility plan.
  - 3. The Construction Fund accounts for proceeds from sales of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction.
- (F) The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal and interest and related costs; and for the payment of interest on notes payable, as required by Kentucky Law.

### **Proprietary Funds**

Proprietary Funds are used to account for ongoing organizations and activities, which are operated and financed in a manner similar to those found in the private sector. The measurement focus is upon the determination of net income. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a Proprietary Fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses include salaries, benefits, supplies and other items. All items not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. The District has two Proprietary Funds.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

- (A) The Food Service Fund is used to account for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch and Breakfast Programs, which are conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). Amounts have been recorded for in-kind contribution of commodities from the USDA and for on-behalf payments for retirement and health insurance paid by the State of Kentucky. This is a major fund of the District.
- (B) The Childcare Fund accounts for the daycare operations of the District. Amounts have been recorded for on-behalf payments for retirement and health insurance paid by the State of Kentucky. This is a major fund of the District.

## Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the District on behalf of outside related organizations or on behalf of other funds within the District.

The Private Purpose Trust Fund is used to report trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations or other governments for which the District acts as an agent.

### BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

### Modified Accrual

Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both available and measurable. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Significant revenues susceptible to accrual include ad valorem taxes, reimbursable-type grants and interest on investments. The District considers all revenues (with the exception of the expenditure-driven grants) as available if they are collected within sixty (60) days after year-end. The expenditure driven grants are considered available if received within one year from the balance sheet date. Property tax revenue is recognized when taxes are received, except at year end when revenue is recognized for taxes received by the District within sixty (60) days subsequent to fiscal year end. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the liability is incurred. However, exceptions include the amount of unmatured principal and interest on general long-term debt, compensated absences, claims and judgments and certain prepaids which are recognized when due/paid.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept to revenues from Federal and State sources, the legal contractual requirements of the numerous individual programs are used as guidance. Revenue from grants and entitlements is recognized when all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. There are, however, essentially two types of these revenues. In one, monies must be expended for the specific purpose or project before the District will receive any amounts; therefore, revenues are recognized based upon the occurrence of expenditures. In the other type, monies are virtually unrestricted as to purpose of expenditure and are usually revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed legal and contractual requirements. These resources are reflected as revenues at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met. In all cases, monies received before the revenue recognition criteria have been met are reported as unearned revenue.

### Accrual

Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period earned and expenses are recognized in the period incurred.

## Revenue Recognition

State Revenue Sources - Revenues from State sources for current operations are primarily from the Support Education Excellence in Kentucky ("SEEK"), administered by the Kentucky Department of Education ("KDE"). The District files reports on average daily attendance ("ADA") student membership with the KDE. The KDE accumulates information from these reports and calculates the allocation of SEEK funds to the District. After review and verification of ADA reports and supporting documentation, the KDE may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of SEEK funding. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions of revenue in the year the reduction is made, as amounts are not significant.

Property Taxes - On an accrual basis, property tax revenue anticipated to be collected is recognized in the fiscal year for which it is levied. Delinquent taxes collected in subsequent periods are recognized as revenue during the fiscal year in which they are received.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

### C. BUDGETARY POLICIES

### **Budgetary Process**

Budgetary Basis of Accounting: The District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are:

Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

Once the budget is approved, it can be amended. Amendments are presented to the Board at their regular meetings. All budget appropriations lapse at year-end.

### D. ENCUMBRANCES

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded to reserve a portion of an applicable appropriation, is utilized for budgetary control purposes. Encumbrances are not the equivalent of expenditures, and accordingly, amounts assigned for encumbrances at the governmental fund level indicate that portion of the fund balance segregated for expenditure upon vendor performance.

### E. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash equivalents are considered to be demand deposits, money market funds, and other investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less.

### F. INVENTORIES

Supplies and materials are charged to expenditures when purchased (purchases method) with the exception of the proprietary funds, which record inventory at the lower of cost, determined by first-in first-out ("FIFO") method, or market.

### G. PREPAID ITEMS

Payments made that will benefit periods beyond the fiscal year-end, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

### H. CAPITAL ASSETS

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds. All capital assets, except for technology items greater than \$5,000 are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of, normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an assets' life are not. All reported capital assets are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives for both general capital assets and proprietary fund assets:

Description	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	20 years
Buildings and improvements	25-50 years
Technology equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
General equipment	5-15 years
Food service equipment	5-12 years

### I. LONG-TERM DEBT

In the fund-level financial statements, governmental funds report the face amount of debt issued, as well as any premiums (discounts) as other financing sources (uses). Debt issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures. In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt is reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums/discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds and shown as an offset of bonds payable while deferred amounts on advance refundings are amortized over the shorter of the remaining life of the refunded bonds or the life of the new bonds both in a systematic and rational method, which approximates the effective-interest method and shown as deferred outflows of resources.

### J. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Compensated absences are payments to employees for accumulated sick leave. These amounts also include the related employer's share of applicable taxes and retirement contributions. District employees may accumulate unused sick leave up to a specified amount depending on their date of hire. Sick leave is payable to employees upon termination or retirement at 30% of the current rate of pay on the date of termination or retirement. The District uses the termination method to calculate the compensated absences amounts. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. The current portion is the amount estimated to be used in the following year. An expenditure is recognized in the governmental fund as payments come due each period, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. Compensated absences not recorded at the fund level represent a reconciling item between the fund level and government-wide presentations.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

### K. ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the District's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, fund balances, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### L. PENSION AND OPEB PLANS

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB, and pension and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' Retirement System Kentucky (TRS) and County Employees Retirement System (CERS) and additions to/deductions from TRS's and CERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TRS and CERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### M. NET POSITION

Net position is divided into three components:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consist of the historical cost of capital assets less accumulated depreciation and less any debt that remains outstanding that was used to finance those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position consist of net position that is restricted by the District's creditors (for example, through debt covenants), by grantors (federal, state and local) and by other contributors.
- 3. Unrestricted all other net position is reported in this category.

### N. IMPACT OF RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

### Recently Issued And Adopted Accounting Principles

In January 2017, the GASB issued Statement 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. This statement was effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019, but was delayed by one year with the issuance of GASB 95. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this statement on the District's financial statements. The district now reports school activity funds as a Special Revenue Fund.

In June 2018, the GASB issued Statement 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period. This statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019, but was delayed by one year with the issuance of GASB 95. There was no effect on the financial statements from adopting this standard.

In August 2018, the GASB issued Statement 90, *Majority Equity Interests – An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61.* This statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019, but was delayed by one year with the issuance of GASB 95. There was no effect on the financial statements from adopting this standard.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

In January 2020, the GASB Issued Statement 92, *Omnibus 2020*. This statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2020, but was delayed by one year with the issuance of GASB 95 There was no effect on the financial statements from adopting this standard.

In March 2020, the GASB issued Statement 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates*. This statement is effective, except for paragraphs 11b, 13, and 14 for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2020. The requirement in paragraph 11b is effective for reporting periods ending after December 31, 2021. The requirements in paragraphs 13 and 14 are effective for fiscal years periods beginning after June 15, 2021. These dates were delayed by one year with the issuance of GASB 95. There was no effect on the financial statements from adopting this standard.

### Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement 87, *Leases*. This statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019, but was delayed by eighteen months with the issuance of GASB 95. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this statement on the District's financial statements.

In May 2019, the GASB issued Statement 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. This statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2020, but was delayed by one year with the issuance of GASB 95. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this statement on the District's financial statements.

In March 2020, the GASB issued Statement 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*. This statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2022. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this statement on the District's financial statements.

In May 2020, the GASB issued Statement 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*. This statement was effective upon issuance. For the postponement dates, see individual standard descriptions.

In June 2020, the GASB issued Statement 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32. The requirements in (1) paragraph 4 of the Statement as it applies to defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution OPEB plans, and other employee benefit plans and (2) paragraph 5 of the Statement are effective immediately. The requirements in paragraphs 6–9 of the Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021. All other requirements of the Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this statement on the District's financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

#### **NOTE 2 - PROPERTY TAXES**

<u>Property Tax Revenues</u> – Property taxes are normally levied each September on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, for all real and personal property in the county. The billings are considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer; however, the actual date is based on a period ending 30 days after the tax bill mailing. Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year for which they were levied. All taxes collected are initially deposited into the General Fund and then transferred to the appropriate fund. The usual collection date is the period from November 1 through December 31. Property tax bills paid prior to December 1 receive a two percent discount. Property taxes received after December 31, are considered to be delinquent and the County Attorney can file a lien against the property.

# **Property Taxes**

The property tax rates assessed for the year ended June 30, 2021, to finance operations were \$.52 per \$100 valuation for real property, \$.52 per \$100 valuation for business personal property and \$.552 per \$100 valuation for motor vehicles. The District levies a utility gross receipts license tax in the amount of 3% of the gross receipts derived from the furnishings, within the District, of telephonic and telegraphic communications services, cablevision services, electric power, water, and natural, artificial and mixed gas.

# **NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS**

### **Deposits**

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's policy is to have all deposits secured by pledged securities. At June 30, 2021, \$5,939,600 of the District's bank balance of \$6,189,600 was exposed to custodial credit risk. The bank balance not covered by depository insurance was collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

#### **NOTE 4 - INTERFUND ACTIVITIES**

The following transfers were made during the year:

# **Fund Financial Statements**

From Fund	To Fund	Purpose	Amount
General	Special Revenue	Technology Match	\$ 44,493
General	Nonmajor Governmental	Debt Payments	1,129,506
General	Private Purpose Trust Fund	Move Funds	2,000
Nonmajor Governmental	Nonmajor Governmental	Operations	35,955
Nonmajor Governmental	General	CFR	239,291
FSPK	Debt Service	Debt Payments	885,868
FSPK	General	CFR	84,550
Food Service	General	Indirect Costs	63,277
Childcare	Special Revenue	Grants	880
Childcare	General	Operations	80,000
			\$ 2,565,820

# **Government-wide Financial Statements**

From Fund	To Fund	Purpose	F	Amount
Food Service	General	Indirect Costs	\$	63,277
Childcare	Special Revenue	Grants		880
Childcare	General Operation			80,000
				444 457
			<u> </u>	144,157

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

At June 30, 2021, Special Revenue Fund owed the General Fund \$640,958 for expenditures paid and the Food Service Fund owed the General Fund \$116,492 for expenses paid.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

**NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS** 

Capital asset activity for governmental activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

Governmental Activities	J	uly 1, 2020	Additions	I	Deductions	Ju	ıne 30, 2021
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:							
Land	\$	600,933	\$ _	\$	-	\$	600,933
Construction in progress		5,782,383	737,886		(6,359,968)		160,301
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated		6,383,316	737,886		(6,359,968)		761,234
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:							
Land improvements		1,759,626			(50,883)		1,708,743
Buildings and improvements		34,133,440	3,821,460		(7,612)		37,947,288
Technology equipment		1,055,187			(374,440)		680,747
Vehicles		3,389,739	146,026		(73, 179)		3,462,586
General equipment		1,016,429	2,584,201		(35,267)		3,565,363
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated at Historical Cost  Less Accumulated Depreciation For:		41,354,421	6,551,687		(541,381)		47,364,727
·							
Land improvements		1,461,357	52,144		(50,883)		1,462,618
Buildings and improvements		12,682,383	779,605		(4,047)		13,457,941
Technology equipment		1,043,377	11,145		(374,440)		680,082
Vehicles		2,594,030	173,753		(73,179)		2,694,604
General equipment		926,284	 39,279		(33,925)		931,638
Total accumulated depreciation		18,707,431	1,055,926		(536,474)		19,226,883
Total Other Capital Assets, net		22,646,990	5,495,761		(4,907)		28,137,844
Governmental Activities Capital Assets - Net	\$	29,030,306	\$ 6,233,647	\$	(6,364,875)	\$	28,899,078

Depreciation was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Function	Amount		
Instruction	\$	619,055	
Instructional staff		55	
District administration		5,118	
School administration		1,924	
Business support		1,963	
Plant		265,645	
Transportation		162,166	
	\$	1,055,926	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

**NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS - CONTINUED** 

Business-Type Activities	Ju	ıly 1, 2020	Additions	D	eductions	Jun	e 30, 2021
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:							
Buildings and improvements	\$	1,353,144	\$ _	\$	- 9	\$	1,353,144
Technology equipment		9,720			(9,720)		-
Food service equipment		1,277,513	105,675		(21,537)		1,361,651
Totals at historical cost		2,640,377	105,675		(31,257)		2,714,795
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:							
Buildings and improvements		661,902	25,114				687,016
Technology equipment		9,720			(9,720)		-
Food service equipment		872,472	91,155		(16,359)		947,268
Total accumulated depreciation		1,544,094	116,269		(26,079)		1,634,284
Business-Type Activities							
Capital Assets - Net	\$	1,096,283	\$ (10,594)	\$	(5,178)	\$	1,080,511

# **NOTE 6 – RISK MANAGEMENT**

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. To obtain insurance for errors and omissions and general liability coverage, the District purchases insurance with a commercial insurance company. District purchases insurance through Church Mutual Insurance for workers compensation.

The District purchases unemployment insurance through the Kentucky School Board's Insurance Trust Unemployment Compensation Fund; however, risk has not been transferred to such fund. In addition, the District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

# **NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2021, is as follows:

	July 1, 2020	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2021	Due Within 1 Year
Governmental Activities: Bonds and Leases Payable:					
Revenue bonds Capital leases	\$ 21,050,000 178,404	\$ 3,465,000	\$ (6,140,000) (178,404)	\$ 18,375,000 -	\$ 1,670,000
	21,228,404	3,465,000	(6,318,404)	18,375,000	1,670,000
Less Discounts and Premiums	(32,145)	95,013	(11,102)	51,766	
Total Bonds and Leases Payable	21,196,259	3,560,013	(6,329,506)	18,426,766	1,670,000
Other Liabilities: Compensated absences	700,822	14,019	(40,169)	674,672	182,522
Total Other Liabilities	700,822	14,019	(40,169)	674,672	182,522
Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 21,897,081	\$ 3,574,032	\$ (6,369,675)	\$ 19,101,438	\$ 1,852,522

The debt service fund is primarily responsible for paying the bond obligations through funding from the General, Capital Outlay and FSPK funds. The general fund is primarily responsible for paying compensated absences.

# **Bond Liabilities**

The original amount of each issue, the issue date, and interest rates are summarized below:

Proceeds	Rate
500,000	4.00%
1,280,000	3.00% - 4.92%
5,930,000	2.00% - 2.50%
1,590,000	1.25%
1,115,000	1.00% - 2.625%
3,805,000	1.00% - 2.625%
5,625,000	2.25% - 3.00%
3,465,000	0.35% - 2.00%
	500,000 1,280,000 5,930,000 1,590,000 1,115,000 3,805,000 5,625,000

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

# NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - CONTINUED

On October 21, 2020, the District issued \$3,465,000 in Refunding Revenue Bonds with an average interest rate of 0.72 percent to advance refund \$3,465,000 of outstanding 2010 Revenue Bonds. The refunding was an advance refunding. The net proceeds of \$3,515,512 (after \$43,360 in cost of issuance, \$95,013 in bond premium and \$1,141 in excess cash which was deposited in the debt service fund) were used to purchase U.S. Government securities. These securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust to call the bonds. The refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$30,512. This difference, reported in the accompanying government-wide financial statements as a deduction from bonds payable, is being charged to operations through the year 2027 using the straight-line method. The District completed the refunding to reduce its total debt service payments over the next 6 years by \$253,610 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$250,492.

The District, through the General Fund (including utility taxes and the Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund) is obligated to make payments in amounts sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements on bonds issued by the LaRue County School District Finance Corporation to construct school facilities. The District has an option to purchase the property under lease at any time by retiring the bonds then outstanding.

The District has "participation agreements" with the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission. The Commission was created by the Kentucky General Assembly for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting school construction needs. The table below sets forth the amount to be paid by the District and the Commission for each year until maturity of all bond issues. The liability for the total bond amount remains with the District and, as such, the total principal outstanding has been recorded in the financial statements.

The bonds may be called prior to maturity and redemption premiums are specified in each issue. Assuming no bonds are called prior to scheduled maturity, the minimum obligations of the District, including amounts to be paid by the Commission, at June 30, 2021, for debt service (principal and interest) are as follows:

Year	Principal	Interest	F	articipation	Di	strict's Portion
2022	\$ 1,670,000	\$ 402,505	\$	996,595	\$	1,075,910
2023	1,550,000	376,296		847,821		1,078,475
2024	1,595,000	343,123		848,337		1,089,786
2025	1,635,000	307,988		849,261		1,093,727
2026	1,690,000	270,716		855,164		1,105,552
2027-2031	4,625,000	967,486		1,369,570		4,222,916
2032-2036	4,000,000	504,314		621,415		3,882,899
2037-2040	1,610,000	80,599		281,528		1,409,071
	\$ 18,375,000	\$ 3,253,027	\$	6,669,691	\$	14,958,336

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

#### **NOTE 8 - PENSION PLANS**

# Plan Descriptions

The LaRue County School District participates in the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS), a component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky which includes certified employees and the County Employees' Retirement System (CERS), a component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky which includes all other employees, both of which are cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plans. TRS, which qualifies as a special funding situation under GASB 68, and CERS provide retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. TRS is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). Under the provisions of KRS Section 61.645, the Board of Trustees of Kentucky Retirement Systems (KERS) administers the CERS. The TRS and CERS issue a publicly available financial reports that include financial statements and required supplementary information. TRS' report may be obtained at www.kyret.ky.gov.

# **TRS**

#### Retirement Plan

# Benefits Provided

For Members Before July 1, 2008:

Members become vested when they complete five (5) years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, members must either:

- 1.) Attain age fifty-five (55) and complete five (5) years of Kentucky service, or
- 2.) Complete twenty-seven (27) years of Kentucky service.

Participants that retire before age 60 with less than 27 years of service receive reduced retirement benefits. Non-university members with an account established prior to July 1, 2002 receive monthly payments equal to two (2) percent (service prior to July 1, 1983) and two and one-half (2.5) percent (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. New members (including second retirement accounts) after July 1, 2002 will receive monthly benefits equal to 2% of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon retirement, their total service less than ten years. New members after July 1, 2002 who retire with ten or more years of total service will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.5% of their final average salary for each year of service, including the first ten years. In addition, members who retire July 1, 2004 and later with more than 30 years of service will have their multiplier increased for all years over 30 from 2.5% to 3.0% to be used in their benefit calculation. Effective July 1, 2008, the System has been amended to change the benefit structure for members hired on or after that date.

The final average salary is the member's five (5) highest annual salaries except members at least age fifty-five (55) with twenty-seven (27) or more years of service may use their three (3) highest annual salaries. For all members, the annual allowance is reduced by 5% per year from the earlier of age 60 or the date the member would have completed 27 years of service. The minimum annual service allowance for all members is \$440 multiplied by credited service. The System also provides disability benefits for vested members at the rate of sixty percent (60%) of the final average salary. Cost of living increases are one and one-half percent (1.5%) annually. Additional ad hoc increases and any other benefit amendments must be authorized by the General Assembly.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

#### **NOTE 8 - PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED**

For Members On or After July 1, 2008:

Members become vested when they complete five (5) years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, members must either:

- 1.) Attain age sixty (60) and complete five (5) years of Kentucky service, or
- 2.) Complete twenty-seven (27) years of Kentucky service, or
- 3.) Attain age fifty-five (55) and complete ten (10) years of Kentucky service.

The annual retirement allowance for non-university members is equal to: (a) one and seven tenths percent (1.7%) of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is 10 years or less; (b) two percent (2.0%) of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 10 years but no more than 20 years; (c) two and three tenths percent (2.3%) of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 20 years but no more than 26 years; (d) two and one half percent (2.5%) of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 26 years but no more than 30 years; (e) three percent (3.0%) of final average salary for years of credited service greater than 30 years.

The annual retirement allowance for university members is equal to: (a) one and one-half percent (1.5%) of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is 10 years or less; (b) one and seven tenths percent (1.7%) of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 10 years but no more than 20 years; (c) one and eighty five hundredths percent (1.85%) of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 20 years but less than 27years; (d) two percent (2.0%) of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than or equal to 27 years.

The final average salary is the member's five (5) highest annual salaries except members at least age fifty-five (55) with twenty-seven (27) or more years of service may use their three (3) highest annual salaries. For all members, the annual allowance is reduced by 6% per year from the earlier of age 60 or the date the member would have completed 27 years of service.

# Contributions

Contribution rates are established by Kentucky Revised Statutes. The State contributes 100 percent of school districts' contractually required contributions, which are actuarially determined. Employees are required to contribute 12.855 percent of their annual salary. The school districts' contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021, was 13.105 percent of salaries for members in the plan before July 1, 2008 and 14.105 percent of salaries for members who started their account after June 30, 2008. The District made no contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2021. If an employee leaves covered employment before accumulating five (5) years of credited service, accumulated employee pension contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee upon the member's request.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

#### **NOTE 8 - PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED**

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts and the State, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020, the District's proportion was .391 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of negative \$5,175,306 and revenue of negative \$5,175,306 (\$3,376,030 in the governmental funds and negative \$8,551,336 in government-wide activities) for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2021, the District reported no deferred outflows of resources and no deferred inflows of resources related to TRS.

# **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.00 percent

Salary increases 3.50 – 7.30 percent, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.50 percent, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on a projection of Scale BB to 2025, set forward two years for males and one year for females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study prepared for the period July 1, 2010 – June 30, 2015, submitted to and adopted by the Board on November 19, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

#### **NOTE 8 - PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED**

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
	400/	4.00/
U.S. Equity	40%	4.6%
International Equity	22%	5.6%
Fixed Income	15%	0.0%
Other	7%	2.5%
Real Estate	7%	4.3%
Private Equity	7%	7.7%
Cash	2%	-0.5%
	100%	

# Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 67. It was assumed that Plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and that Employer contributions will be made at the Actuarially Determined Contribution rates for all fiscal years in the future. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

# Sensitivity Of The Net Pension Liability To Changes In The Discount Rate

The District has no proportional share of the net pension liability. The following presents the sensitivity of the System's net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what the System's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate:

Description	1%	Decrease (6.50%)	Current Discoun	t Rate (7.50%)	1%	Increase (8.50%)
System's net pension liability						
(in thousands)	\$	18,868,453	\$	14,835,040	\$	11,439,108

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

#### **NOTE 8 - PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED**

# Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position, which has been determined on the same basis as that used by the plan, is available in the separately issued TRS financial report. The financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Member contributions and employer matching contributions are recognized in the fiscal year due. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

# **CERS**

# Benefits Provided

The system provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to system members. Retirement benefits may be extended to beneficiaries of members under certain circumstances. Prior to July 1, 2009, cost-of-living adjustments (COLA) were provided annually equal to the percentage increase in the annual average of the consumer price index for all urban consumers for the most recent calendar year, not to exceed 5% in any plan year. Effective July 1, 2009, and on July 1 of each year thereafter through June 30, 2014, the COLA is limited to 1.5% provided the recipient has been receiving a benefit for at least 12 months prior to the effective date of the COLA. If the recipient has been receiving a benefit for less than 12 months prior to the effective date of the COLA, the increase shall be reduced on a pro-rata basis for each month the recipient has not been receiving benefits in the 12 months preceding the effective date of the COLA. The Kentucky General Assembly reserves the right to suspend or reduce the COLA if, in its judgment, the welfare of the Commonwealth so demands. No COLA has been granted since July 1, 2011.

The Board of Trustees adopted new actuarial assumptions since June 30, 2018. These assumptions are documented in the report titled "Kentucky Retirement Systems 2018 Actuarial Experience Study for the Period Ending June 30, 2018". The Total Pension liability as of June 30, 2020, was determined using these updated assumptions.

Senate Bill 249 passed during the 2020 legislative session and changed the funding period for the amortization of the unfunded liability to 30 years as of June 30, 2019. Gains and losses incurring in future years will be amortized over separate 20-year amortization bases. This change does not impact the calculation of the Total Pension Liability and only impacts the calculation of the contribution rates that would be payable starting July 1, 2020. There were no other material plan provision changes.

#### Contributions

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, plan members who began participating prior to September 1, 2008, were required to contribute 5% of their annual creditable compensation. Participating employers were required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Per Kentucky Revised Statute Section 78.545(33), normal contribution and past service contribution rates shall be determined by the Board on the basis of an annual valuation last preceding July 1 of a new biennium. The Board may amend contribution rates as of the first day of July of the second year of a biennium, if it is determined on the basis of a subsequent actuarial valuation that amended contribution rates are necessary to satisfy requirements determined in accordance with actuarial bases adopted by the Board. The school districts' contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021, was 19.30 percent of annual creditable compensation. Contributions to the pension plan from the District were \$589,132.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

#### **NOTE 8 - PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED**

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$9,205,665 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020, the District's proportion was 0.120023 percent, which was an increase of .004335 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,467,069. At June 30, 2020, the District reported its proportionate share of the CERS deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Description	Deferred Ou	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and						
actual economic experience	\$	229,560	\$	-		
Changes in actuarial assumptions		359,466				
Difference between projected and actual						
investment earnings		399,035		168,674		
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions						
and proportionate share of contributions		201,181		79,483		
Contributions paid to CERS subsequent						
to the measurement date		589,132				
	\$	1,778,374	\$	248,157		

The amount reported as deferred outflows for District contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$589,132 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Pensi	Pension Expense Amount			
2022	\$	407,243			
2023		316,714			
2024		124,609			
2025		92,519			
	\$	941,085			

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

#### **NOTE 8 - PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED**

# **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.30 percent

Salary increases 3.30 percent to 10.30%, varies by service, including inflation Investment rate of return 6.25 percent, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

The mortality table used for active members is a Pub-2010 General Mortality Table projected with the ultimate rates from, the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. The mortality table used for healthy retired members was a system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019. The mortality table used for the disabled members was PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with a 4-year set-forward for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 – June 30, 2018 and adopted by the Board on April 18, 2019.

The long-term expected return on plan assets was determined by using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rate of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

#### **NOTE 8 - PENSION PLANS - CONTINUED**

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	18.75%	4.50%
Non-U.S. Equity	18.75%	5.25%
Private Equity	10.00%	6.65%
Specialty Credit/High Yield	15.00%	3.90%
Core Bonds	13.50%	-0.25%
Cash	1.00%	-0.75%
Real Estate	5.00%	5.30%
Opportunistic	3.00%	2.25%
Real Return	15.00%	3.95%
	100%	

# Discount Rate

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate of 6.25% for CERS Non-hazardous and CERS Hazardous assumes that the funds receive the required employer contributions each future year, as determined by the current funding policy established in Statute as last amended by House Bill 362 (passed in 2018). The discount rate determination does not use a municipal bond rate. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR).

# Sensitivity Of The District's Proportionate Share Of The Net Pension Liability To Changes In The Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.25 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.25 percent) than the current rate:

Description	1% C	ecrease (5.25%)	Current Disco	ount Rate (6.25%)	1% Increase	(7.25%)
District's proportionate share						_
of the net pension liability	\$	11,352,588	\$	9,205,665	\$ 7	427,931

# Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position, which has been determined on the same basis as that used by the plan, is available in the separately issued CERS financial report. The financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Member contributions and employer matching contributions are recognized in the fiscal year due. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

#### **NOTE 9 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS**

### Plan Descriptions

The LaRue County School District participates in the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS), a component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky which includes certified employees and the County Employees' Retirement System (CERS), a component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky which includes all other employees, both of which are cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plans. TRS, which qualifies as a special funding situation for the Life Insurance Fund under GASB 75, and CERS provide other post-employment benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. TRS is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). Under the provisions of KRS Section 61.645, the Board of Trustees of Kentucky Retirement Systems (KERS) administers the CERS. The TRS and CERS issue a publicly available financial reports that include financial statements and required supplementary information. TRS' report may be obtained at www.kyret.ky.gov.

#### **TRS**

# General Information about the OPEB Plan

<u>Plan description</u> – Teaching-certified employees of the Kentucky School District are provided OPEBs through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the state. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.trs.ky.gov.

The state reports a liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expense as a result of its statutory requirement to contribute to the TRS Medical Insurance and Life Insurance Plans. The following information is about the TRS plans:

### **Medical Insurance Fund**

<u>Plan description</u> – In addition to the OPEB benefits described above, Kentucky Revised Statute 161.675 requires TRS to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The TRS Medical Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

<u>Benefits provided</u> – To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to members under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. TRS retired members are given a supplement to be used for payment of their health insurance premium. The amount of the member's supplement is based on a contribution supplement table approved by the TRS Board of Trustees. The retired member pays premiums in excess of the monthly supplement. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

#### NOTE 9 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS – CONTINUED

<u>Contributions</u> – In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, seven and one-half percent (7.50%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed. Three percent (3.75%) is paid by member contributions and three quarters percent (.75%) from state appropriation and three percent (3.00%) from the employer. The state contributes the net cost of health insurance premiums for members who retired on or after July 1, 2010 who are in the non-Medicare eligible group. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$4,471,000 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability that reflected a reduction for state OPEB support provided to the District. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020, the District's proportion was .319094 percent, which was an increase of .005103 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 4,471,000
State proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	
associated with the District	 3,582,000
Total	\$ 8,053,000

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense of negative \$30,000 and revenue of \$250,643 for support provided by the Commonwealth. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

NOTE 9 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED

Description	Deferred Outflows of Resou	irces Deferred Inflow	s of Resources
Differences between expected and			_
actual economic experience	\$	- \$	1,906,000
Changes in actuarial assumptions	271,	,000	
Difference between projected and			
actual investment earnings	146,	,000	
Changes in proportion and differences			
between employer contributions			
and proportionate share of contributions	\$ 103,	,000	173,000
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent			
to the measurement date	328,	,000	
	\$ 848,	,000 \$	2,079,000

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$328,000 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30	OPEB Expense	e Amount
2022	\$	(322,000)
2023		(311,000)
2024		(313,000)
2025		(286,000)
2026		(244,000)
Thereafter		(83,000)
_	\$ (	(1,559,000)
-		

<u>Actuarial assumptions</u> – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return	8.00%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation.
Projected salary increases	3.50 – 7.20%, including inflation
Inflation rate	3.00%
Real Wage Growth `	0.50%
Wage Inflation	3.50%
Healthcare cost trend rates	
Under 65	7.25% for FY 2020 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00% by FY
	2029
Ages 65 and Older	5.25% for FY 2020 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00% by FY
	2022
Medicare Part B Premiums	6.49% for FY 2020 with an ultimate rate of 5.00% by 2031
Municipal Bond Index Rate	3.50%
Discount Rate	8.00%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	8.00%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

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NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

# NOTE 9 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB and set forward two years for males and one year for females is used for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set forward two years for males and seven years for females is used for the period after disability retirement.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends) used in the June 30, 2019 valuation of the Health Trust were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2019 valuation. The health care cost trend assumption was updated for the June 30, 2019 valuation and was shown as an assumption change in the TOL roll forward, while the change in initial per capita claims costs were included with experience in the TOL roll forward.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	58.0%	5.4%
Fixed Income	9.0%	0.0%
Real Estate	6.5%	4.3%
Private Equity	8.5%	7.7%
Other	17.0%	2.5%
Cash (LIBOR)	1.0%	-0.5%
	100.0%	

<u>Discount rate</u> - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 8.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity Of The District's Proportionate Share Of The Net OPEB Liability To Changes In The Discount Rate

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 8.00%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (7.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (9.00%) than the current rate:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

#### NOTE 9 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS – CONTINUED

Description	1% Decrea	ase (7.00%)	Current Discount R	Rate (8.00%)	1% Increa	ase (9.00%)
District's proportionate share of the net						
OPEB liability	\$	5,404,000	\$	4,471,000	\$	3,693,000

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates.

Description	1% Decrease		Current Discount Rate	1% Increase		
District's proportionate						
share of the net						
OPEB liability	\$	3,544,000	\$ 4,471,000	\$	5,614,000	

<u>OPEB plan fiduciary net position</u> – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

# Life Insurance Fund

<u>Plan description – Life Insurance Fund</u> – TRS administers the life insurance fund as provided by Kentucky Revised Statute 161.655 to eligible active and retired members. The TRS Life Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the life insurance plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees and the General Assembly.

<u>Benefits provided</u> – TRS provides a life insurance benefit of five thousand dollars payable for members who retire based on service or disability. TRS provides a life insurance benefit of two thousand dollars payable for its active contributing members. The life insurance benefit is payable upon the death of the member to the member's estate or to a party designated by the member.

<u>Contributions</u> – In order to fund the post-retirement life insurance benefit, three hundredths of one percent (.03%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed by the Commonwealth.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2021, the District did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability for life insurance benefits because the State of Kentucky provides the OPEB support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability was \$0 and the Commonwealth's total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District was \$108,000.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

# NOTE 9 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$5,215 and revenue of \$5,215 for support provided by the Commonwealth. At June 30, 2021, the District reported no deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB.

<u>Actuarial assumptions</u> – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return	7.50%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation.
Projected salary increases	3.50 – 7.20%, including inflation
Inflation rate	3.00%
Real Wage Growth `	0.50%
Wage Inflation	3.50%
Municipal Bond Index Rate	2.19%
Discount Rate	7.50%
0	7 500/ · (ODED   · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Single Equivalent Interest Rate 7.50%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB and set forward two years for males and one year for females is used for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set forward two years for males and seven years for females is used for the period after disability retirement.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g. initial per capita costs, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2015 valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	40.0%	4.6%
International Equity	23.0%	5.6%
Fixed Income	18.0%	0.0%
Real Estate	6.0%	4.3%
Private Equity	5.0%	7.7%
Other	6.0%	2.3%
Cash (LIBOR)	2.0%	-0.5%
	100%	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

# NOTE 9 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED

<u>Discount rate</u> - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability for life insurance was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

# Sensitivity Of The Net OPEB Liability To Changes In The Discount Rate

The District has no proportional share of the net OPEB liability. The following presents the sensitivity of the System's net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what the System's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate:

Description	1% Decrease	(6.50%)	Current Discount Rate	(7.50%)	1% Increase	(8.50%)
System's net OPEB liability						
(in thousands)	\$	50,234	\$	34,712	\$	21,943

<u>OPEB plan fiduciary net position</u> – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

# **CERS**

<u>Plan description</u> – The Kentucky Retirement Systems' Insurance Fund (Insurance Fund) was established to provide hospital and medical insurance for eligible members receiving benefits from CERS. The eligible non-Medicare retirees are covered by the Department of Employee Insurance (DEI) plans. KRS submits the premium payments to DEI. The Board contracts with Humana to provide health care benefits to the eligible Medicare retirees through a Medicare Advantage Plan. The Insurance Fund pays a prescribed contribution for whole or partial payment of required premiums to purchase hospital and medical insurance.

Senate Bill 249 passed during the 2020 legislative session and changed the funding period for the amortization of the unfunded liability to 30 years as of June 30, 2019. Gains and losses incurring in future years will be amortized over separate 20-year amortization bases. This change does not impact the calculation of the Total Pension Liability and only impacts the calculation of the contribution rates that would be payable starting July 1, 2020. There were no other material plan provision changes.

<u>Benefits provided</u> – For members participating prior to July 1, 2003, KRS pays a percentage of the monthly premium for single coverage based upon the service credit accrued at retirement. Members participating on or after July 1, 2003, and before September 1, 2008, are required to earn at least 10 years of service credit in order to be eligible for insurance benefits at retirement. Members participating on or after September 1, 2008 are required to earn at least 15 years of service credit in order to be eligible for insurance benefits at retirement. The monthly health insurance contribution will be \$10 for each year of earned service increased by the CPI prior to July 1, 2009, and by 1.5% annually from July 1, 2009.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

# NOTE 9 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED

Contributions – For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, plan members who began participating prior to September 1, 2008, were required to contribute 0% of their annual creditable compensation. Those members who began participating on, or after, September 1, 2008 and before January 1, 2014 were required to contribute 1% of their annual creditable compensation. Those members who began participating on, or after, January 1, 2014 were required to contribute 1% of their annual creditable compensation but their contribution is not credited to their account and is not refundable. Participating employers were required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Per Kentucky Revised Statute Section 78.545(33), normal contribution and past service contribution rates shall be determined by the Board on the basis of an annual valuation last preceding July 1 of a new biennium. The Board may amend contribution rates as of the first day of July of the second year of a biennium, if it is determined on the basis of a subsequent actuarial valuation that amended contribution rates are necessary to satisfy requirements determined in accordance with actuarial bases adopted by the Board. The school districts' contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021, was 4.76 percent of annual creditable compensation. Contributions to the pension plan from the District were \$145,299.

# OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$2,897,345 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020, the District's proportion was 0.119988 percent, which was an increase of .00433 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$390,127. At June 30, 2021, the District reported its proportionate share of the CERS deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

Description	Deferred Out	flows of Resources	Deferred Inf	lows of Resources
Differences between expected and				
actual economic experience	\$	484,086	\$	484,464
Changes in actuarial assumptions		503,967		3,065
Difference between projected and actual				
investment earnings		155,421		59,120
Changes in proportion and differences				
between employer contributions				
and proportionate share of contributions		54,128		63,119
Contributions paid to CERS subsequent				
to the measurement date		145,299		
	\$	1,342,901	\$	609,768

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

# NOTE 9 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$145,299 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30	OPEB Ex	OPEB Expense Amount				
2022	\$	156,549				
2023		185,049				
2024		130,463				
2025		125,919				
2026		(10,146)				
	\$	587,834				

<u>Actuarial assumptions</u> – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return 6.25%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation.

Projected salary increases 3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service

Inflation rate 2.30% Real Wage Growth 2.00%

Healthcare Trend Rate:

Pre-65 Initial trend starting at 6.40% at January 1, 2022, and

gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over

a period of 14 years.

Post-65 Initial trend starting at 2.90% at January 1, 2022, and increasing to

6.30% in 2023, then gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of

4.05% over a period of 14 years.

Municipal Bond Index Rate 3.13% Discount Rate 5.34%

The mortality table used for active members is a Pub-2010 General Mortality Table projected with the ultimate rates from, the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. The mortality table used for healthy retired members was a system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019. The mortality table used for the disabled members was PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with a 4-year set-forward for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 – June 30, 2018 and adopted by the Board on April 18, 2019.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

# NOTE 9 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED

The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by CERS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	18.75%	4.50%
Non-U.S. Equity	18.75%	5.25%
Private Equity	10.00%	6.65%
Specialty Credit/High Yield	15.00%	3.90%
Core Bonds	13.50%	-0.25%
Cash	1.00%	-0.75%
Real Estate	5.00%	5.30%
Opportunistic	3.00%	2.25%
Real Return	15.00%	3.95%
	100%	

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate of 5.34% assumed that local employers would contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate of projected compensation over the remaining 26 years (closed) amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The discount rate determination used an expected rate of return of 6.25%, and a municipal bond rate of 2.45%, as reported in Fidelity Index's "20 –Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 30, 2020. However, the cost associated with the implicit employer subsidy was not included in the calculation of the System's actuarial determined contributions, and any cost associated with the implicit subsidy will not be paid out of the System's trusts. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic nominal rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the CAFR.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

# NOTE 9 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - CONTINUED

<u>Sensitivity Of The District's Proportionate Share Of The Net OPEB Liability To Changes In The Discount Rate</u>

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 5.34%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.34%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.34%) than the current rate:

Description	1% De	crease (4.34%)	Current D	iscount Rate (5.34)	1% Incre	ase (6.34%)
District's proportionate share						
of the net OPEB liability	\$	3,722,238	\$	2,897,345	\$	2,219,833

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates.

Description	1% Decrease	Current Dis	count Rate	1% Increase
District's proportionate share				
of the net OPEB liability	\$ 2,243,269	\$	2,897,345	\$ 3,691,082

<u>OPEB plan fiduciary net position</u> – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERS financial report.

#### **DEFERRED COMPENSATION**

The District offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Sections 457, 401(k) and 403(b). The Plans, available to all employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. This deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. GASB Statement No. 32, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans, allows entities with little or no administrative involvement who do not perform the investing function for these plans to omit plan assets and related liabilities from their financial statements. The District, therefore, does not show these assets and liabilities on these financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

# **NOTE 10 - FUND BALANCES**

Nonspendable fund balances are those that cannot be spent on future obligations. At June 30, 2021, there were no nonspendable fund balances.

Restricted fund balances arise when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. At June 30, 2021, the District had \$93,679 restricted for grant programs in the Special Revenue Fund, \$155,154 restricted for future school activities in the Student Activity Fund, \$3,784 restricted for capital projects in the SEEK Capital Outlay Fund, \$2,597 restricted for capital projects in the FSPK Fund, \$337,116 restricted for capital projects in the Construction Fund and \$91,910 restricted for debt service in the Debt Service Fund.

Committed fund balances are those amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, which, for the District is the Board of Education. The Board of Education must approve by majority vote the establishment (and modification or rescinding) of a fund balance commitment. The District had the following General Fund commitments at June 30, 2021: \$100,000 for sick leave payable, \$400,000 for future construction,\$23,892 for site-based councils and \$369,642 for technology purchases and \$85,118 for future school activities in the District Activity Fund.

Assigned fund balances are those amounts that are constrained by the government's *intent* to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The Board of Education allows program supervisors to complete purchase orders which result in the encumbrance of funds. Assigned fund balance also includes (a) all remaining amounts (except for negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds, other than the general fund, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed and (b) amounts in the general fund that are intended to be used for a specific purpose. There was no assigned fund balances at June 30, 2021.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

The District considers unrestricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. Also, the District has established the order of assigned, committed and restricted when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

#### **NOTE 11 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

The District receives funding from Federal, State and Local government agencies and private contributions. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants, if based upon the grantor's review, the funds are considered not to have been used for the intended purpose, the grantors may request a refund of monies advanced, or refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and unreimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is predicated upon the grantors' satisfaction that the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors' intent to continue their programs.

The District is subject to various other legal actions in various stages of litigation, the outcome of which is not determinable at this time. Management of the District and its legal counsel do not anticipate that there will be any material effect on the basic financial statements as a result of the cases presently in progress.

Under COBRA, employers are mandated to notify terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage. Failure to comply with this requirement may put the School District at risk for a substantial loss.

The District also has construction commitments for on-going projects at June 30, 2021.

# **NOTE 12 - DEFICIT FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION**

The Childcare Fund had a deficit net position at June 30, 2021 in the amount of \$146,816. The deficit net position is a result of the recording of the net pension liability for CERS as part of GASB Statement 68 and the net OPEB liability for CERS as part of GASB Statement 75.

The following fund had operations that resulted in a current year deficit of revenues over expenditures resulting in a corresponding reduction of fund balance/net position:

Fund	Amount
General Fund	\$ 314,299
Student Activity Fund	5,862
SEEK Capital Outlay Fund	27,386
FSPK Fund	27
Construction Fund	733,341
Debt Service Fund	50,690
Food Service Fund	206,018
Childcare Fund	53,570

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2021

# **NOTE 13 – ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS**

The District receives on-behalf payments from the Commonwealth of Kentucky for items including pension, technology, health care costs, operating costs and debt service. The amounts received and funds where these items were recorded for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 were as follows:

Description	Amount	
Health	\$ 2,597,514	Recorded as follows:
Life	3,858	
Admin	31,319	General Fund \$6,228,852
HRA	113,579	Food Service Fund 94,070
TRS Pension	3,376,030	Childcare Fund 1,903
TRS OPEB	255,858	Debt Service Fund1,037,215
Technology	97,163	
Debt Service	1,037,215	\$7,362,040
Less: Federal Reimbursement	 (150,496)	
Total on-behalf	\$ 7,362,040	

# **NOTE 14 – RESTATEMENT**

The District adopted GASB 84 during the fiscal year which resulted in the School Activity fiduciary fund being reclassified to a Special Revenue fund (School Activity Fund). The restatement increased fund balance by \$161,016.



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL

# GENERAL FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2021

Teal Ended Julie 30, 2021	Original	Final	Actual	
Revenues:				
From local sources:				
Taxes:	ф о cco ooo	ф 2.4 <del>7</del> 2.640	ф <u>2 502 270</u>	
Property	\$ 2,660,000	\$ 3,473,649	\$ 3,503,370	
Motor vehicle	500,000	557,489	658,364	
Utilities	700,000	790,000	816,913	
Revenue in lieu of taxes	6,200 50,000	6,500 50,000	9,270 68,799	
Earnings on investments				
Other local revenues	51,800	69,277	93,327	
Intergovernmental - State	15,802,465	15,218,852	15,846,836	
Intergovernmental - Indirect Federal	33,000	45,000	30,269	
Total Revenues	19,803,465	20,210,767	21,027,148	
Expenditures:				
Instruction	14,049,786	13,021,300	13,301,211	
Support services:				
Student	1,112,977	1,051,056	767,189	
Instruction staff	1,360,302	1,114,381	939,698	
District administrative	978,540	999,082	541,446	
School administrative	1,271,349	1,246,800	1,515,221	
Business	660,706	650,706	696,545	
Plant operation and maintenance	2,280,034	1,916,042	1,468,305	
Student transportation	1,503,094	1,481,387	1,190,471	
Community service activities				
Other	561,080	2,137,529	214,241	
Total Expenditures	23,777,868	23,618,283	20,634,327	
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over				
Expenditures	(3,974,403)	(3,407,516)	392,821	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Proceeds from disposal of capital assets			1,762	
Transfers in	59,363	59,363	467,117	
Transfers out	(183,287)	(183,287)	(1,175,999)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(123,924)	(123,924)	(707,120)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(4,098,327)	(3,531,440)	(314,299)	
Fund Balance, July 1, 2020	4,098,327	3,531,440	5,380,342	
Fund Balance, June 30, 2021	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,066,043	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL  $\,$ 

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original	Final	Actual		
Revenues: Earnings on investments Other local revenues Intergovernmental - State Intergovernmental - Indirect Federal	\$ - 9,000 1,037,283 1,842,954	\$ 428 7,000 1,783,773 4,186,512	\$ 428 41,328 1,168,171 3,077,048		
Total Revenues	2,889,237	5,977,713	4,286,975		
Expenditures: Instruction Support services:	1,723,046	3,133,751	2,530,990		
Student Instruction staff District administrative School administrative Business	148,064 738,286	223,754 1,053,593 81,000 46,070	222,634 875,958 26,588 40,976		
Plant operation and maintenance Student transportation Community service activities Other non-instruction	45,087 78,540 211,214	745,812 155,669 211,214 126,000	251,804 29,095 228,478 92,725		
Total Expenditures	2,944,237	5,776,863	4,299,248		
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures	(55,000)	200,850	(12,273)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out	55,000	44,493 (245,343)	45,373		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	55,000	(200,850)	45,373		
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	33,100		
Fund Balance, July 1, 2020			60,579		
Fund Balance, June 30, 2021	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 93,679		

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE CERS NET PENSION LIABILITY

June 30, 2021

		2021	2020	2019	
Proportion of the net pension liability		0.120023%	0.115688%	0.119374%	
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	9,205,665 \$	8,136,389 \$	7,270,240	
Covered payroll	\$	3,055,540 \$	2,881,375 \$	2,952,811	
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as percentage of covered payroll	3	301.3%	282.4%	246.2%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	)	47.81%	50.45%	53.54%	
		2018	2017	2016	2015
Proportion of the net pension liability		2018 0.120030%	2017 0.116510%	2016 0.114346%	2015 0.111953%
Proportion of the net pension liability  Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$				
•	\$ \$	0.120030%	0.116510%	0.114346%	0.111953%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	0.120030% 7,025,901 \$	0.116510% 5,736,571 \$	0.114346% 4,916,355 \$	0.111953% 3,632,000

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only seven years are shown.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE CERS NET OPEB LIABILITY

June 30, 2021

	2021	2020	
Proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.119988%	0.115658%	
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 2,897,345	\$ 1,945,315	
Covered payroll	\$ 3,055,540	\$ 2,881,375	
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as percentage of covered payroll	94.82%	67.51%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	51.67%	60.44%	
	2019	2018	
Proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.119374%	0.120030%	
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 2,119,371	\$ 2,413,074	
Covered payroll	\$ 2,952,811	\$ 2,922,222	
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as percentage of covered payroll	71.77%	82.58%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	57.62%	52.39%	

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal year 2018 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only four years are shown.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE TRS NET PENSION LIABILITY

June 30, 2021

	2021		2020	2019	
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.391000%		0.324300%	0.341500%	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	
State proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	46,641,749		44,245,754	44,714,289	
Total	\$ 46,641,749	\$	44,245,754	\$ 44,714,289	
Covered payroll	\$ 10,903,678	\$	10,547,328	\$ 10,783,010	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as percentage of covered payroll	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	58.30%		58.80%	59.30%	
	2018		2017	2016	2015
					0.3320%
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.343200%		0.344800%	0.337500%	0.332070
Proportion of the net pension liability  District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 0.343200%	\$	0.344800%	\$ 0.337500%	\$ -
District's proportionate share of the	\$ 0.343200% - 92,601,000	\$	0.344800% - 101,729,057	\$ 0.337500% - 78,537,734	\$ 68,229,782
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability  State proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ -	· ·	-	\$ -	\$ -
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability  State proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	 92,601,000	· ·	101,729,057	78,537,734	68,229,782
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability  State proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District  Total	\$ 92,601,000 92,601,000	\$	- 101,729,057 101,729,057	\$ - 78,537,734 78,537,734	\$ - 68,229,782 68,229,782

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only seven years are shown.

# SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE TRS NET OPEB LIABILITY - MEDICAL INSURANCE FUND

June 30, 2021

		2021	2020
Proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.319094%	0.313991%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	4,471,000	\$ 5,084,000
State proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District		3,582,000	4,106,000
Total	\$	8,053,000	\$ 9,190,000
Covered payroll	\$	10,903,678	\$10,383,700
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as percentage of covered payroll		41.00%	48.96%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		39.10%	32.60%
Decree Constitution (ODED II L'III)		2019	2018
Proportion of the net OPEB liability		2019 0.329344%	2018 0.329967%
Proportion of the net OPEB liability  District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	•	0.329344%	0.329967%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability  State proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$		
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability  State proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District	\$	0.329344%	0.329967%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability  State proportionate share of the net OPEB liability		0.329344% 6,138,000	0.329967% \$ 6,476,000
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability  State proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District	\$	0.329344% 6,138,000 5,290,000 11,428,000	0.329967% \$ 6,476,000 5,290,000 \$11,766,000
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability  State proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District  Total	\$	0.329344% 6,138,000 5,290,000 11,428,000 10,503,967	0.329967% \$ 6,476,000 5,290,000 \$11,766,000 \$10,751,504
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability  State proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District  Total  Covered payroll  District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as	\$	0.329344% 6,138,000 5,290,000 11,428,000	0.329967% \$ 6,476,000 5,290,000 \$11,766,000

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal year 2018 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only four years are shown.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE TRS NET OPEB LIABILITY - LIFE INSURANCE FUND

June 30, 2021

	2021	2020
Proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.312025%	0.367100%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ -	\$ -
State proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District	108,000	95,000
Total	\$ 108,000	\$ 95,000
Covered payroll	\$ 10,903,678	\$ 10,383,700
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as percentage of covered payroll	0.0%	0.0%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	71.60%	73.40%
	2019	2018
Proportion of the net OPEB liability	2019 0.321830%	2018 0.322515%
Proportion of the net OPEB liability  District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	\$ 
·	\$	\$ 
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability  State proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 0.321830%	\$ 0.322515%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability  State proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District	0.321830% - 91,000	 0.322515% - 71,000
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability  State proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District  Total	\$ 0.321830% - 91,000 91,000	\$ 0.322515% - 71,000 71,000

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal year 2018 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only four years are shown.

#### SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO CERS PENSION

June 30, 2021

	2021		2020	2019		
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	\$ 589,132	\$	589,719	\$ 467,359		
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	589,132		589,719	467,359		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$		\$ 		
Covered payroll	\$ 3,052,499	\$	3,055,540	\$ 2,881,375		
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	19.30%		19.30%	16.22%		
	2018		2017	2016		2015
Contractually required contribution						
(actuarially determined)	\$ 427,567	\$	407,650	\$ 347,789	\$	332,476
(actuarially determined)  Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	\$ 427,567 427,567	\$	407,650 407,650	\$ 347,789 347,789	\$	332,476 332,476
Contribution in relation to the actuarially	\$	\$		\$	\$	
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contributions		\$ \$		\$	<u>*</u>	

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only seven years are shown.

#### SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO TRS PENSION

June 30, 2021

	 2021	2020	2019	
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined) Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ - -	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Covered payroll	\$ 10,916,240	\$ 10,903,678	\$ 10,547,328	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
	 2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined) Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - 
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 
Covered payroll	\$ 10,783,010	\$ 10,751,504	\$ 10,779,806	\$ 10,370,236
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only seven years are shown.

#### SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO CERS OPEB

June 30, 2021

	2021	2020
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	\$ 145,299	\$ 145,444
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	145,299	145,444
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ 
Covered payroll	\$ 3,052,499	\$ 3,055,540
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	4.76%	4.76%
	2019	2018
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	\$ 151,560	\$ 139,057
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	151,560	139,057
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 2,881,375	\$ 2,952,811
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	5.26%	4.71%

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal year 2018 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only four years are shown.

#### SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO TRS MEDICAL INSURANCE FUND

June 30, 2021

	2021	2020		
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	\$ 328,000	\$ 327,000		
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	328,000	327,000		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -		
Covered payroll	\$ 10,916,240	\$ 10,903,678		
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	3.00%	3.00%		
	2019	2018		
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	\$ 311,511	\$ 315,119		
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	311,511	315,119		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ 		
Covered payroll	\$ 10,383,700	\$ 10,503,967		
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	3.00%	3.00%		

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal year 2018 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only four years are s

#### SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO TRS - LIFE INSURANCE FUND

June 30, 2021

	2021	2020
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined) Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contributions Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ - -	\$ - - -
Covered payroll	\$ 10,916,240	\$ 10,903,678
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.00%	0.00%
	2019	2018
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined) Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	\$ -	\$ -
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 10,383,700	\$ 10,503,967
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.00%	0.00%

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal year 2018 was the first year of implementation, therefore, only four years are shown

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

#### **CERS PENSION**

Changes of benefit terms. There were no changes in benefit terms for 2015 through 2020.

Changes of assumptions (as of June 30 of the year measurement date):

2014 – The assumed investment rate of return was decreased from 7.75% to 7.50%. The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.50% to 3.25%. The assumed rate of wage inflation was reduced from 1.00% to 0.75%. Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.50% to 4.00%. The mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females). For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 1 year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 4 years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement. There is some margin in the current mortality tables for possible future improvement in mortality rates and that margin will be reviewed again when the next experience investigation is conducted. The assumed rates of Retirement, Withdrawal and Disability were updated to more accurately reflect experience.

2015 and 2016 – No changes.

2017 – The assumed investment return was changed from 7.50% to 6.25%. The price inflation assumption was changed from 3.25% to 2.30%, which also resulted in a 0.95% decrease in the salary increase assumption at all years of service. The payroll growth assumption (applicable for the amortization unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities) was changed from 4.00% to 2.00%.

2018 - No changes.

2019 – Salary rates were increased from 3.05% average to 3.30 percent to 10.30%, varies by service. Annual rates of retirement, disability, withdrawal and mortality were updated based on the 2018 experience study and the percent of disabilities assumed to occur in the line of duty was updated from 0% to 2% for non-hazardous members.

2020 - No changes.

#### **CERS OPEB**

Changes of benefit terms. There were no changes in benefit terms for 2018 to 2020.

Changes of assumptions (as of June 30 of the year measurement date):

2017 – The assumed investment return was changed from 7.50% to 6.25%. The price inflation assumption was changed from 3.25% to 2.30%, which also resulted in a 0.95% decrease in the salary increase assumption at all years of service. The payroll growth assumption (applicable for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities) was changed from 4.00% to 2.00%. For the Non-Hazardous Plan, the single discount rate changed from 6.89% to 5.84%.

2018 – No changes

2019 – The discount rate was changed from 5.85% to 5.68%. Annual salary increases and annual rates of retirement, disability, withdrawal and mortality were updated based on the 2018 experience study and the percent of disabilities assumed to occur in the line of duty was updated from 0% to 2% for non-hazardous members.

2020 – The discount rate was changed from 5.68 to 5.34%.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

#### **TRS PENSION**

Changes of benefit terms. There were no changes in benefit terms for 2015 through 2021.

Changes of assumptions (as of June 30 of the year measurement date):

2014 – In the 2011 valuation and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Mortality Tables rather than the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2011. In the 2011 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In the 2011 valuation, the Board adopted an interest smoothing methodology to calculate liabilities for purposes of determining the actuarially determined contributions. Beginning with the 2014 valuation, the interest smoothing methodology is no longer used. In 2014, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 5.16% to 5.23%.

2015 – The calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 5.23% to 4.88%. In the 2016 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

2016 – The Assumed Salary Scale, Price Inflation, and Wage Inflation were adjusted to reflect a decrease. In addition, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.88% to 4.20%.

2017 – The calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.20% to 4.49%.

2018 – The calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.49% to 7.50%.

2019 and 2020 - No changes

#### **TRS OPEB**

Changes of benefit terms.

2018 – MIF – With the passage of House Bill 471, the eligibility for non-single subsidies (NSS) for the KEHP-participating members who retired prior to July 1, 2010 is restored, but the State will only finance, via its KEHP "shared responsibility" contributions, the costs of the NSS related to those KEHP-participating members who retired on or after July 1, 2010.

LIF - No changes

2019, 2020 and 2021 - No changes for MIF or LIF

Changes of assumptions (as of June 30 of the year measurement date):

2017 - No changes for MIF or LIF

2018 - MIF updated the health care trend rates. No changes for the LIF

2019 - No changes for MIF or LIF

2020 - MIF updated the health care trend rates. No changes for the LIF



#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2021

	District Activity Fund	Ac	ident tivity und	SEEK Capital Outlay Fund	SPK Fund	Со	nstruction Fund	Debt Service Fund	Go۱	Total onmajor vernmental Funds
Assets:										
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables - other	\$ 85,137 125	\$ 15	55,154	\$ 3,784	\$ 2,597	\$	337,697	\$ 91,910	\$	676,279 125
Total Assets	\$ 85,262	\$ 15	5,154	\$ 3,784	\$ 2,597	\$	337,697	\$ 91,910	\$	676,404
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities Accounts payable	\$ 144	\$	-	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ -	\$	581	\$ 	\$	725
Total Liabilities	 144		-	-	-		581	-		725
Fund Balances Restricted Committed	85,118	15	5,154	3,784	2,597		337,116	91,910		590,561 85,118
<b>Total Fund Balances</b>	 85,118	15	5,154	3,784	2,597		337,116	 91,910		675,679
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 85,262	\$ 15	55,154	\$ 3,784	\$ 2,597	\$	337,697	\$ 91,910	\$	676,404

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2021

	District Activity Fund	Student Activity Fund	SEEK Capital Outlay Fund	FSPK Fund	Construction Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues From local sources: Property taxes Other local revenue Earnings on investments Intergovernmental - State	\$ - 10,027	\$ - 123,378	\$ - - 34 211,871	\$ 430,189 - 24 540,178	\$ - 4,545	\$ - 6,487 1,037,215	\$ 430,189 133,405 11,090 1,789,264
Total Revenues	10,027	123,378	211,905	970,391	4,545	1,043,702	2,363,948
Expenditures Instruction Support services: Student Plant operation and maintenance Student transportation Facilities acquisition and construction Bond issuance costs Other Debt service: Principal	5,140	90,520 1,539 638 (250) 838			737,886	43,360 2,655,000	95,660 1,539 638 (250) 737,886 43,360 838 2,655,000
Interest		,				455,907	455,907
Total Expenditures	5,140	93,285			737,886	3,154,267	3,990,578
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenditures	4,887	30,093	211,905	970,391	(733,341)	(2,110,565)	(1,626,630)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Bond proceeds from refunding bonds Bond premium Payments to refunded escrow agent Transfers in Transfers out	35,955	(35,955)	(239,291)	(970,418)		3,465,000 95,013 (3,515,512) 2,015,374	3,465,000 95,013 (3,515,512) 2,051,329 (1,245,664)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	35,955	(35,955)	(239,291)	(970,418)	_	2,059,875	850,166
Net Change in Fund Balances	40,842	(5,862)	(27,386)	(27)	(733,341)	(50,690)	(776,464)
Fund Balance, July 1, 2020	44,276	-	31,170	2,624	1,070,457	142,600	1,291,127
Restatement		161,016					161,016
Fund Balance, July 1, 2020, as restated	44,276	161,016	31,170				1,452,143
Fund balance, June 30, 2021	\$ 85,118	\$ 155,154	\$ 3,784	\$ 2,597	\$ 337,116	\$ 91,910	\$ 675,679

LARUE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF ASSETS, CASH RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS, AND LIABILITIES ALL SCHOOLS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

SCHOOL	В	CASH ALANCE Y 1. 2020	RI	ECEIPTS	 SBURSE- MENTS	BA	CASH ALANCE E 30, 2021	 VABLES 30. 2021	PAY	OUNTS ABLE 30. 2021	ST ST GI	UE TO UDENT UDENT ROUPS = 30, 2021
		,										
LARUE CO. HIGH SCHOOL	\$	97,705	\$	100,987	\$ 104,838	\$	93,854	\$ -	\$	-	\$	93,854
LARUE CO. MIDDLE		26,198		13,327	11,824		27,701	-		-		27,701
ABRAHAM LINCOLN ELEMENTARY	Ý	11,183		3,147	3,892		10,438	-		-		10,438
HODGENVILLE ELEMENTARY		25,930		6,499	9,268		23,161	-		-		23,161
	\$	161,016	\$	123,960	\$ 129,822	\$	155,154	\$ 	\$	-	\$	155,154

SCHEDULE OF ASSETS, CASH RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS, AND LIABILITIES LARUE COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021		CACH					0	:ASH			4000	UNTS	UE TO UDENT
		CASH LANCE			פוח	BURSE-		ASH LANCE	RECEI	VABLES		ABLE	ROUPS
NAME OF ACTIVITY		Y 1, 2020	RF	CEIPTS		IENTS		30, 2021		30, 2021		30, 2021	30, 2021
		,		<u> </u>				00, 202.		00, 202.		70, 202.	 - 00, 202.
GENERAL	\$	5,101	\$	3,250	\$	1,033	\$	7,318	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 7,318
DONATION/STUDENT AWARD	)	-		-		-		-		-		-	-
FACULTY COKE		460		161		598		23		-		-	23
GUIDANCE		1,739		1,505		1,539		1,705		-		-	1,705
STUDENT COKE		486		-		-		486		-		-	486
BETA CLUB		373		180		547		6		-		-	6
FCA		791		-		-		791		-		-	791
FFA		11,255		7,043		7,523		10,775		-		-	10,775
FBLA		100		-		-		100		-		-	100
SOS CLUB		1,775		-		-		1,775		-		-	1,775
SPEECH		578		8,186		4,106		4,658		-		-	4,658
YCLUB		-		-				-		-		-	-
STLP/ROBOTICS		-		-				-		-		-	-
YEARBOOK		1,267		4,247		4,549		965		-		-	965
LIBRARY CLUB		-		-		-		-		-		-	-
PEP CLUB		500		-		219		281		-		-	281
SPANISH CLUB		80		-		-		80		-		-	80
ACT - FRYSC		272		-		-		272		-		-	272
AGRISCIENCE		977		-		447		530		-		-	530
FMD ACTIVITY		60		-		-		60		-		-	60
BUSINESS DEPT		-		66		-		66		-		-	66
ATHLETIC ACCOUNT		64,221		61,094		69,948		55,367		-		-	55,367
CHANGE FUND		-		800		800		-		-		-	-
SENIOR CLASS		2,405		866		692		2,579		-		-	2,579
JUNIOR CLASS		2,024		7,070		6,461		2,633		-		-	2,633
LIFE CONNECTION		1,408		-		-		1,408		-		-	1,408
BAND		1,833		7,933		7,790		1,976		-		-	1,976
BACKGROUND CHECKS DAF		-		-				-		-		-	-
YEARBOOK DAF		-		4,297		4,297		-		-		-	-
LIBRARY DAF		-		-				-		-		-	-
ATHLETIC DAF		-		27,052		27,052		-		-		-	-
GENERAL DAF		-		1,548		1,548		-		-		-	-
TOTALS		97,705		135,298		139,149		93,854		-		-	93,854
TRANSFERS				34,311		34,311				-		-	 
TOTALS	\$	97,705	\$	100,987	\$	104,838	\$	93,854	\$		\$	-	\$ 93,854



#### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

FEDERAL GRANTOR/PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR / PROGRAM TITLE	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	PASS THROUGH ENTITY IDENTIFYING NUMBER	PROVIDED TO SUBRECIPIENTS	TOTAL FEDERAL EXPENDITURES
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Child Nutrition Cluster - Passed Through State Department of Education: School Breakfast Program Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.553 10.559	7760005-20 7690024-20 7690024-21	OCENTION INTO	\$ 2,117 35,825 95,057
Non-Cash Assistance (Commodities) National School Lunch Program	10.555	7740023-20 7740023-21 057502-02		256,731 984,701 108,157
TOTAL CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER				1,482,588
Passed Through State Department of Education: State Administrative	10.560	7700001-19		1,201
TOTAL U.S. DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE				1,483,789
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY  Passed Through State Department of Education:  COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	CARES		598,867
TOTAL U.S. DEPT. OF TREASURY				598,867
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Special Education Cluster - Passed Through State Department of Education:				
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	3810002-18 3810002-19 3810002-20		635 148,395 337,062
				486,092
Passed Through State Department of Education: Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	3800002-18 3800002-19 3800002-20		20 15,650 19,323
				34,993
TOTAL SPECIAL EDUCATION CLUSTER				521,085
OTHER U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PROGRAMS Passed Through Kentucky Council on Postsecondary Education Adult Education - State Grant Program	84.002	3840001-19 3840001-20		20,105 11,983
				32,088
Passed Through State Department of Education Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	3100002-18 3100002-19 3100002-20		4,122 232,840 481,215
				718,177
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	3710002-19 3710002-20		2,183 27,708 29,891
				23,031

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

#### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - CONCLUDED

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

FEDERAL GRANTOR/PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR / PROGRAM TITLE	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	PASS THROUGH ENTITY IDENTIFYING NUMBER	PROVIDED TO SUBRECIPIENTS	TOTAL FEDERAL EXPENDITURES
Rural Education	84.358B	3140002-18 3140002-19 3140002-20		3,296 34,173 5,059
				42,528
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	3300002-19 3300002-20		1,961 2,015
				3,976
Supporting Effective Instruction - State Grants	84.367A	3230002-19 3230002-20		30,657 76,468
				107,125
Striving Readers	84.371	3220002-18		76,485
Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	3420002-19 3420002-20		32,429 26,772
				59,201
COVID 19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fun	84.425	4000002-20 4000002-21 4000003-20 GEER		540,110 11,101 183,591 100,796
				835,598
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				2,426,154
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Passed Through Kentucky Cabinet for Families and Children: COVID-19 Child Care Development Block Grant	93.575	KCFC-20 KCFC-21		13,437 39,960
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES		1.01 0 21		53,397
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ -	\$ 4,562,207

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### **NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the LaRue County School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of LaRue County School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of LaRue County School District.

#### NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting for proprietary funds and the modified accrual basis of accounting for governmental funds. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

#### **NOTE C - FOOD DISTRIBUTION**

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair value of the commodities received.

#### NOTE D - INDIRECT COST RATE

The District has elected to not use the 10 percent de minimum indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.



#### LARUE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### Section I – Summary of Auditor's Results

#### **Financial Statements:**

Тур	e of auditor's report issued (unmodified):		
Inte	ernal control over financial reporting:		
•	Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	Xno
•	Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	yes	Xnone reported
	ncompliance material to financial tements noted?	yes	Xno
Fed	leral Awards:		
Inte	ernal control over major programs:		
•	Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	Xno
•	Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?	yes	Xnone reported
Тур	e of auditor's report issued on compliance for major	orograms (unmodified):	
req	v audit findings disclosed that are uired to be reported in accordance n 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	yes	Xno

### Section I – Summary of Auditor's Results - Continued

Identification of major programs:	
CFDA Number	Federal Program or Cluster
	DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY
21.019	COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund
	DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
10.553/10.555/10.559	Child Nutrition Cluster
Dollar threshold used to distinguish Between type A and type B programs:	\$ <u>750,000</u>
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	yes <u>X</u> no
Section II – Financial Statement Findings	
No matters were reported.	
Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs	
No matters were reported.	



SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

Year Ended June 30, 2021

There were no prior findings.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S
REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL
OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND
ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS
BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education LaRue County School District Hodgenville, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the *Independent Auditor's Contract*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of LaRue County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise LaRue County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 12, 2021.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered LaRue County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether LaRue County School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards. In addition, the results of our tests disclosed no instances of material noncompliance of specific state statutes or regulations identified in the *Independent* Auditor's Contract.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of LaRue County School District in a separate letter dated November 12, 2021.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Heartland CPAs and Advisors, PLLC Elizabethtown, Kentucky

Heartland CPH and admins, PLAC

November 12, 2021

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM
AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE
REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE



## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education LaRue County School District Hodgenville, Kentucky

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited LaRue County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of LaRue County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. LaRue County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of LaRue County School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and the requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in Appendices I and II of the Independent Auditor's Contract. Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about LaRue County School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of LaRue County School District's compliance.

#### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

In our opinion, LaRue County School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of LaRue County School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered LaRue County School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program in order to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of LaRue County School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Heartland CPAs and Advisors. PLLC

Heartland CPA and admins, PLAC

Elizabethtown, Kentucky

November 12, 2021





Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education LaRue County School District Hodgenville, Kentucky

In planning and performing our audit of the basic financial statements of LaRue County School District for the year ended June 30, 2021, we considered the District's internal control in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

However, during our audit we became aware of several matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiencies. The memorandum that accompanies this letter summarizes our comments and suggestions regarding those matters. Any uncorrected comments from the prior year have been included in the memorandum. A separate report dated November 12, 2021, contains our report on the District's internal control. This letter does not affect our report dated November 12 2021, on the financial statements of the LaRue County School District.

We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. We have already discussed many of these comments and suggestions with various District personnel, and their implementation is currently being reviewed. We will be pleased to discuss them in further detail at your convenience, to perform any additional study of these matters, or to assist you in implementing the recommendations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the members of the LaRue County Board of Education, others within the District, the Kentucky Department of Education, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Heartland CPAs and Advisors, PLLC

Heartland CPH and admins, PLAC

Elizabethtown, Kentucky November 12, 2021

COMMENTS

June 30, 2021

#### <u>UNCORRECTED PRIOR YEAR COMMENTS – NONE</u>

#### **CURRENT YEAR COMMENTS**

#### **LARUE COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL**

#### **DISBURSEMENTS**

We noted that a check written on 2/05/2021 to the Future Farmers of America had a purchase order that did not have an approval date on it. Redbook requires each check have a purchase order that has been signed, dated, and approved prior to the check being written.

#### MANAGEMENT RSPONSE

The Finance Director will work with the Office Manager and Principal to ensure correct forms are used and will ensure the proper procedures are followed in the future.